



HIGH ENERGY FOLLOW-UP OF EXCEPTIONALLY LUMINOUS GAMMA-RAY BURSTS

3rd year PhD report

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Astroparticle Physics PhD student

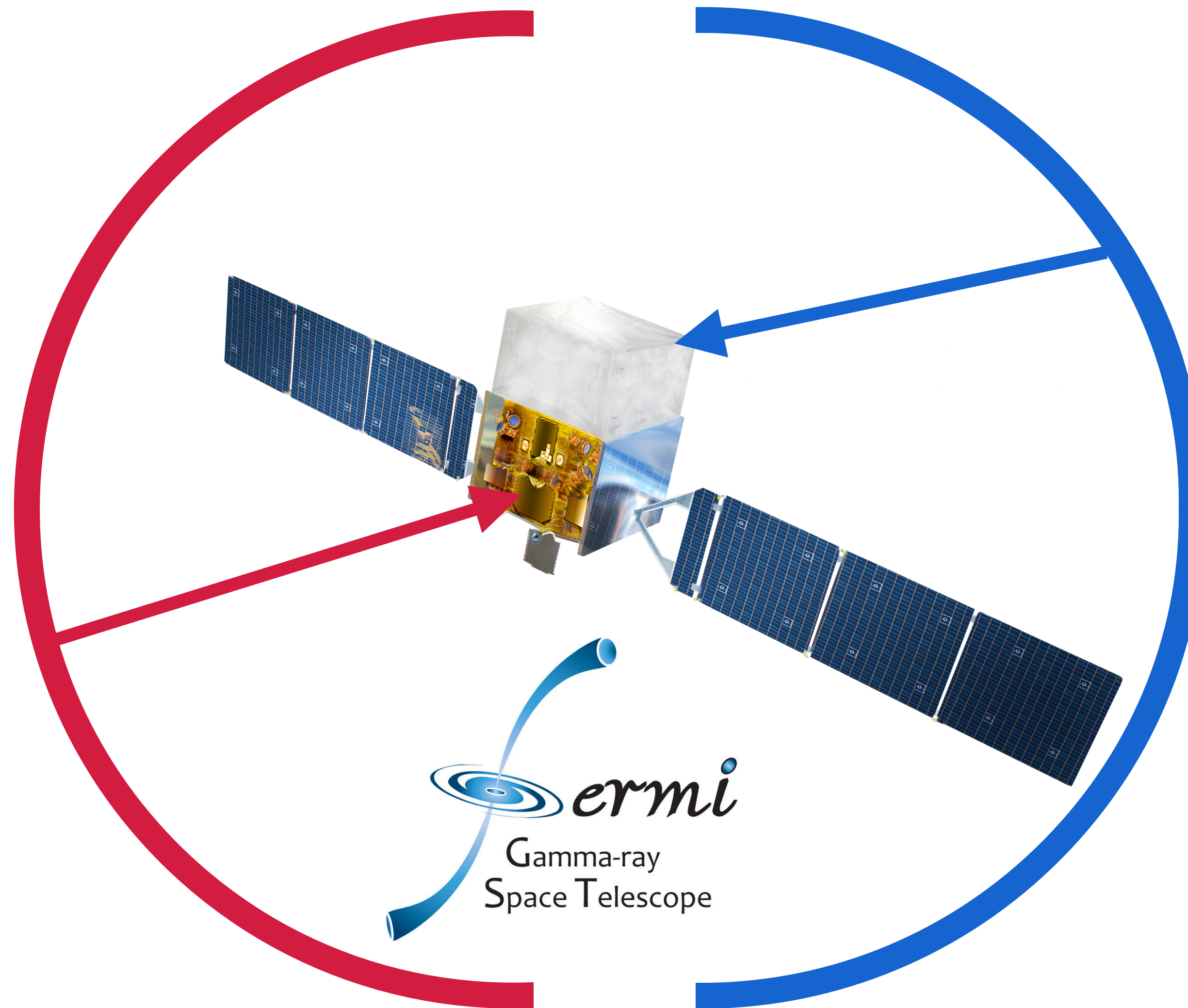
Supervisors:

G. Oganesyan, M. Branchesi, B. Banerjee

The main protagonist of (also) this research year

Gamma-ray Burst Monitor

- 12 NaI detectors (8-900 keV) and 2 BGO detectors (300 keV - 40 MeV)
- Good energy and temporal resolution (up to 64 ms)
- Provides triggers for GRB prompt emission



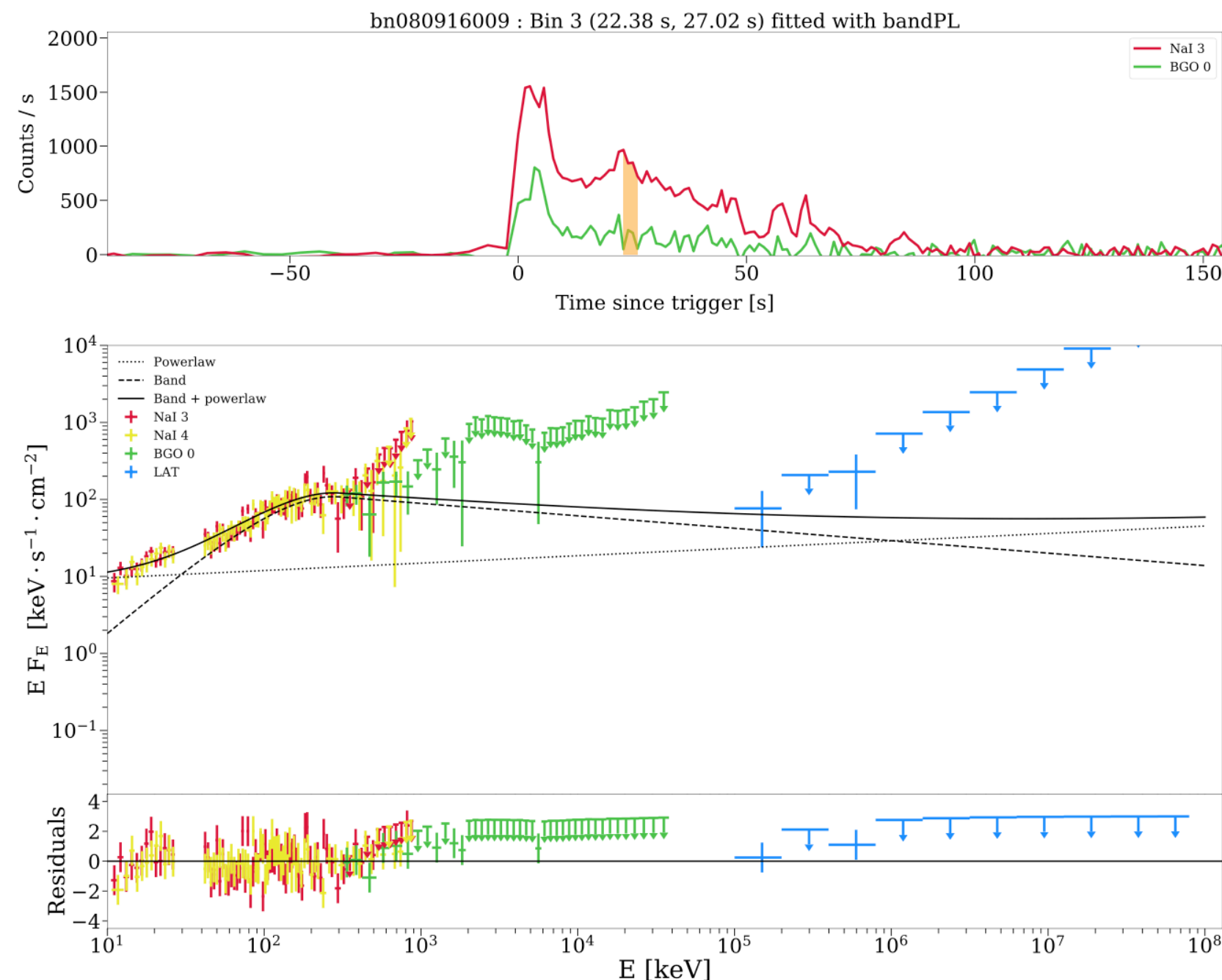
Large Area Telescope

- Particle tracker measures γ direction, calorimeter measures E_γ and image the shower
- Large sky coverage ($\sim 20\%$)
- Poor angular resolution (PSF ~ 1 deg @ 1GeV)
- Sensitive in the high energy range (30 MeV - 300 GeV)

GBM data analysis

GBM

- I developed a **python-based tool** able to analyse **GBM data** and produce **light curves** and (time-resolved) **spectra**
- It is based on the **GTBURST pipelines**
- In combination with **XSPEC**, it can provide also (time-resolved) **spectral analysis**
- It can now handle an automatic analysis of **large samples** of sources in the *Fermi*/GBM **catalog**.



Applied to:

- Analysing the **BOAT GRB**
- Testing **physical models** on the GRB prompt spectra at **high energies** (with Samanta)
- Unveiling the GRB **progenitor** origin
- Testing **empirical correlations** of GRBs with measured **redshift**
- Studying the **soft extended emission** in GRB prompt emissions

COMING SOON

2021: a year of bright GRBs!

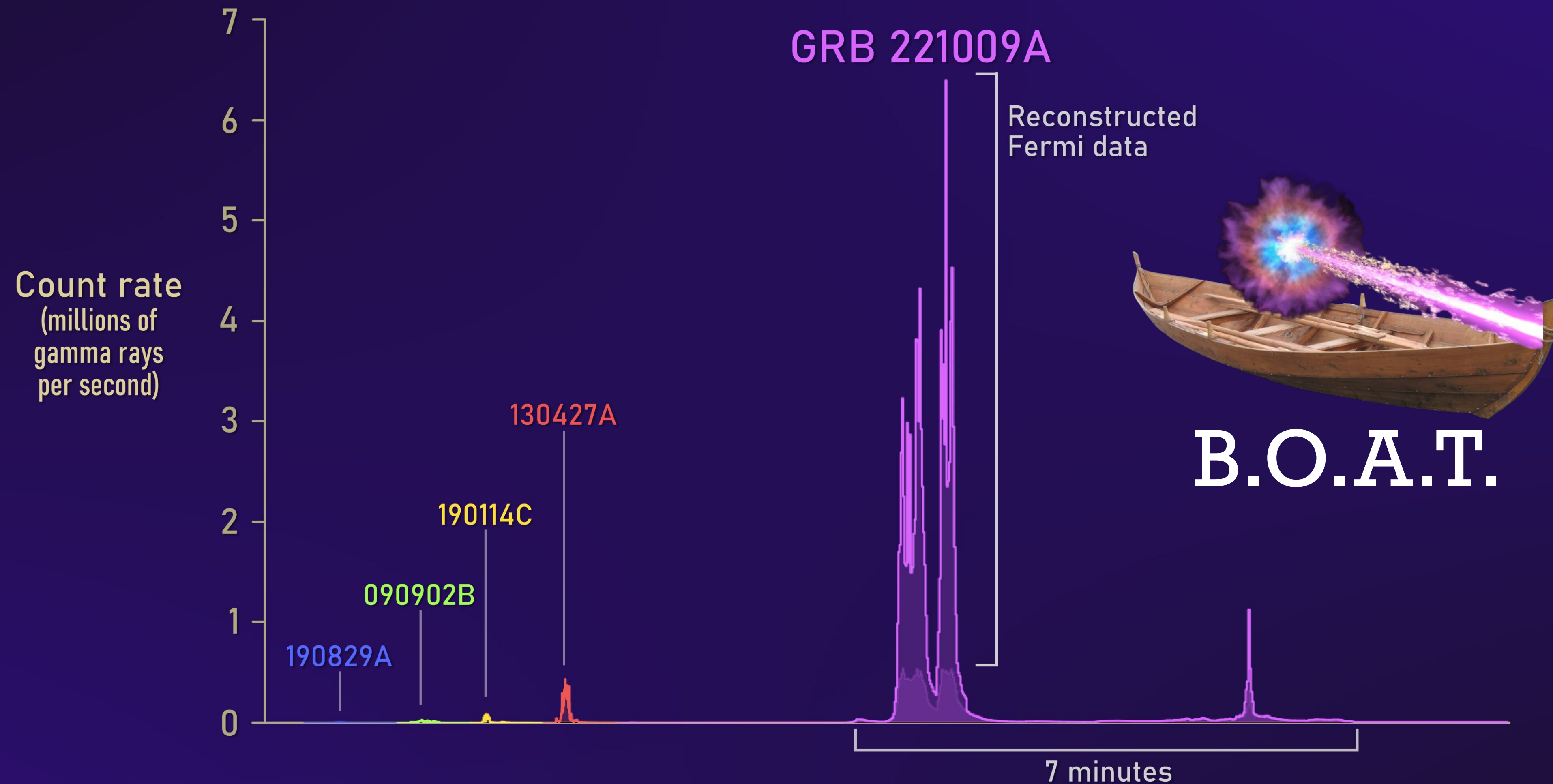
<https://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/W3Browse/fermi/fermigbrst.html>

[Fermi GBM Burst Catalog \(fermigbrst\)](#) [Bulletin](#) [README](#)

Select	Services	<u>name</u>	<u>trigger time</u>	<u>t90</u>	<u>fluence</u>	<u>flux 1024</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> All		↓↑	↓↑	↓↑ [s]	↓↑ [erg/cm ²]	↓↑ [photon/cm ² /s]
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB090626707	2009-06-26 16:58:45.464			
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB210518545	2021-05-18 13:04:09.640	6.400	2.4604e-02	374860.0000
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB130427324	2013-04-27 07:47:06.420	138.242	2.4620e-03	1051.8600
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB160625945	2016-06-25 22:40:16.275	453.385	6.4256e-04	216.8460
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB171010792	2017-10-10 19:00:50.576	107.266	6.3279e-04	120.1400
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB160821857	2016-08-21 20:34:30.039	43.009	5.2221e-04	123.0790
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB211211549	2021-12-11 13:09:59.651	34.305	5.0118e-04	324.8990
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB190114873	2019-01-14 20:57:02.626	116.354	4.4325e-04	246.8640
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB190530430	2019-05-30 10:19:08.903	18.432	3.7062e-04	160.5450
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB210619999	2021-06-19 23:59:25.604	54.785	3.0248e-04	238.6250
<input type="checkbox"/>	D	GRB180720598	2018-07-20 14:21:39.654	48.897	2.9853e-04	124.5480

2022: the year of the brightest GRB!

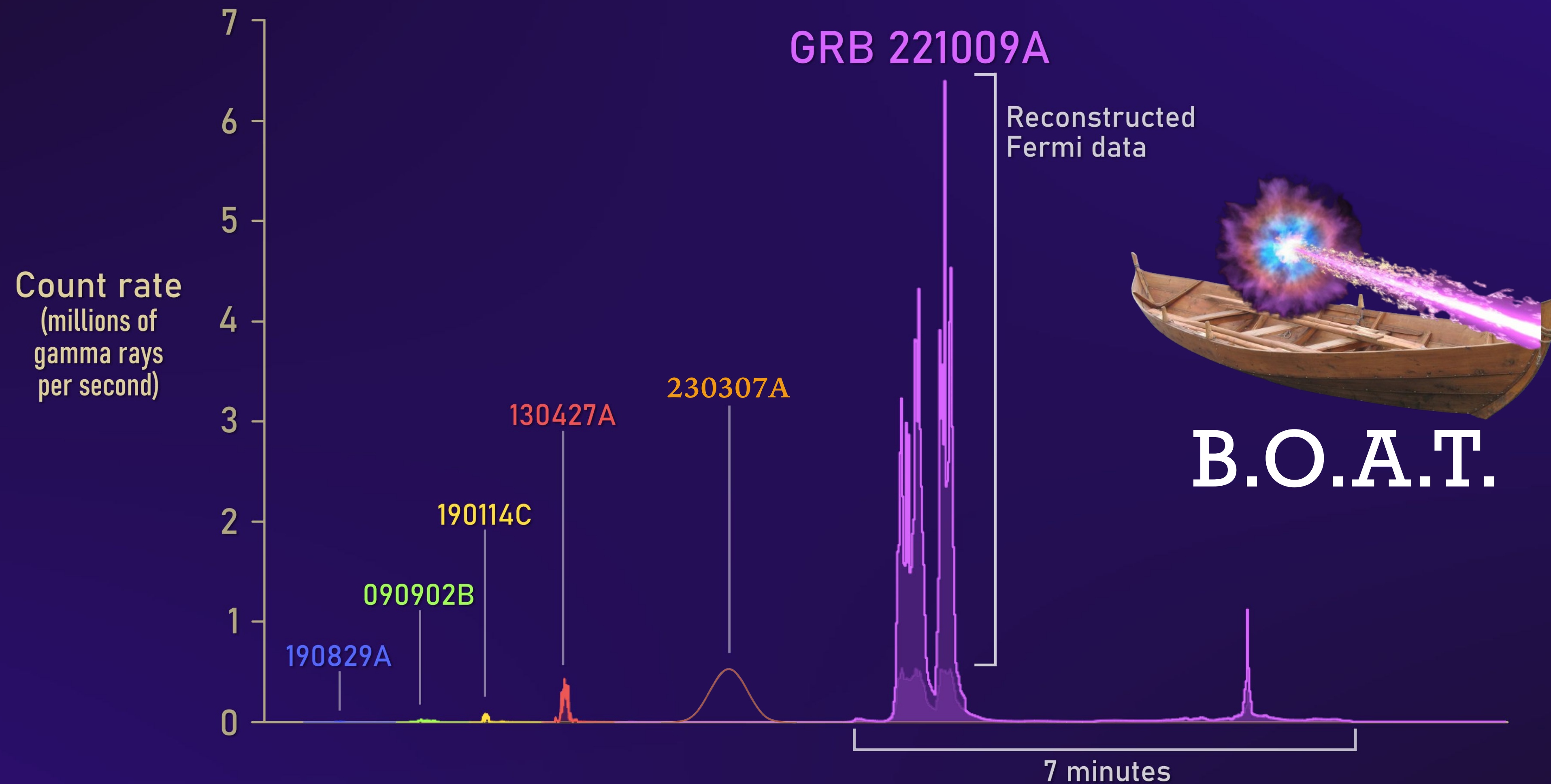
The BOAT GRB in Context



Credit: NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center and Adam Goldstein (USRA)

2022: the year of the brightest GRB!

The BOAT GRB in Context

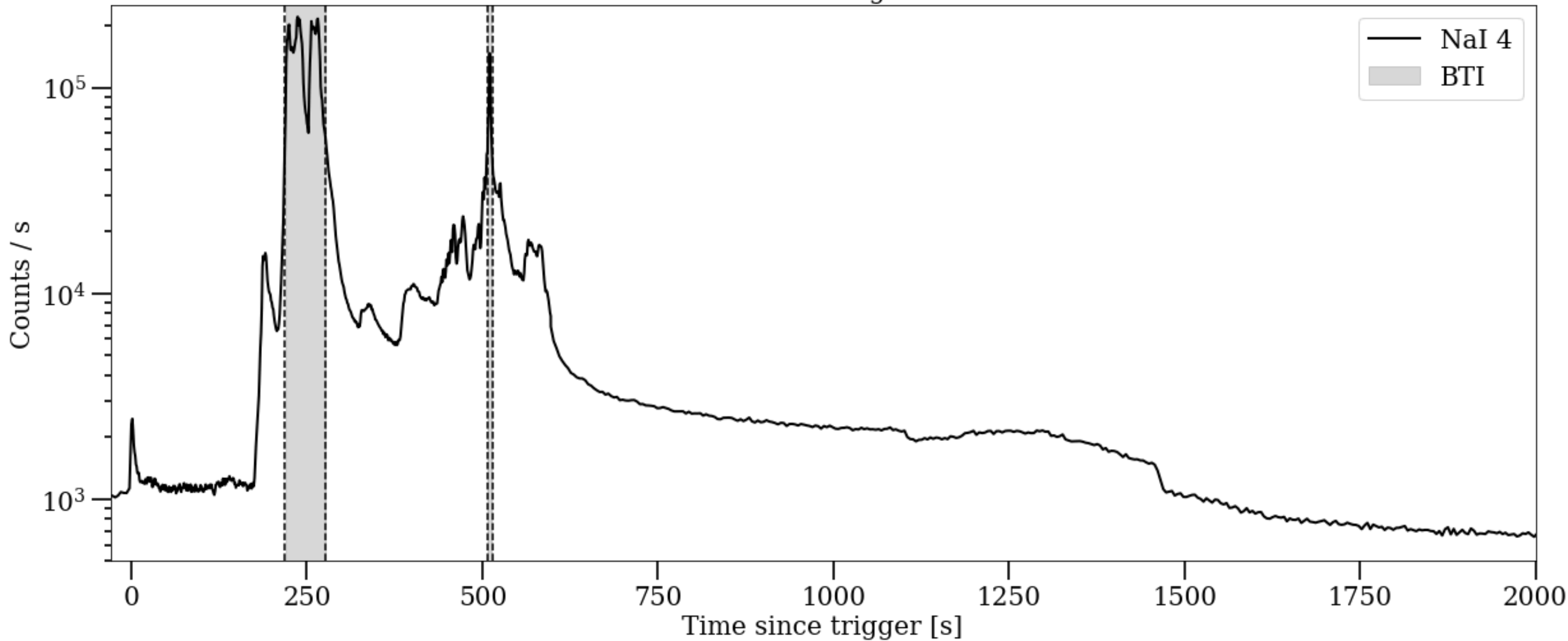


Credit: NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center and Adam Goldstein (USRA)

The BOAT: some milestones

- On Oct 9, 2022 the BOAT triggered Fermi/GBM and Swift/BAT.

GRB 221009A lightcurve

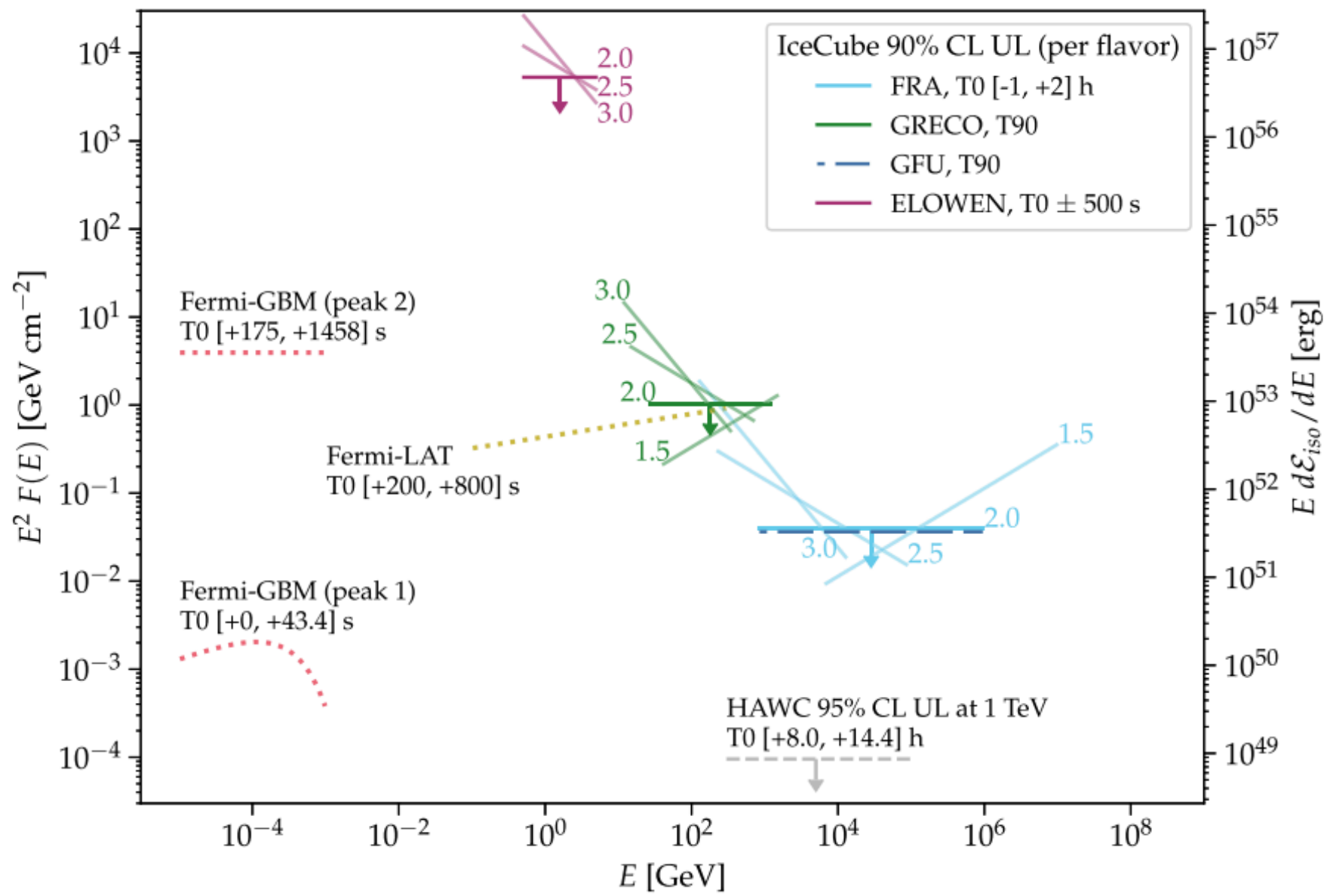


- An unprecedented follow-up campaign started: BOAT triggered everything!

1	2023GCN.33418....1D	2023/03	GRB 230307A: Detection by GRBAlpha Dafcikova, M.; Ripa, J.; Pal, A.; Werner, N. <i>and 47 more</i>
2	2022GCN.32995....1L	2022/11	Optical polarization observation of GRB 221009A Lindfors, E.; Nilsson, K.; Liodakis, I.; Kasikov, A. <i>and 1 more</i>
3	2022GCN.32949....1N	2022/11	GRB 221009A: Japanese VLBI Network observation Niinuma, K.; Yonekura, Y.; Fujisawa, K.; Motogi, K. <i>and 1 more</i>
4	2022GCN.32809....1R	2022/10 cited: 1	GRB221009A: LBT optical imaging Rossi, A.; Maiorano, E.; Malesani, D. B.; CIBO Collaboration <i>and 2 more</i>
5	2022GCN.32805....1K	2022/10	Improved IPN localization for GRB 221009A (BepiColombo-MGNS light curve) Kozyrev, A. S.; Golovin, D. V.; Litvak, M. L.; Mitrofanov, I. G. <i>and 34 more</i>
6	2022GCN.32788....1B	2022/10	GRB 221009A: Second epoch of NuSTAR data Brethauer, Daniel; Margutti, Raffaella; Racusin, Judith; Grefenstette, Brian <i>and 10 more</i>
7	2022GCN.32780....1A	2022/10	GRB 221009A: A type I BdHN of exceptional energetics Aimuratov, Y.; Becerra, L.; Bianco, C. L.; Cherubini, C. <i>and 11 more</i>
8	2022GCN.32752....1B	2022/10	GRB221009A: RTT-150 optical observations Bikmaev, Ilfan; Khamitov, Irek; Irtuganov, Eldar; Gorbachev, Mark <i>and 2 more</i>
9	2022GCN.32749....1R	2022/10	GRB221009A: Gemini-South Optical Afterglow Detection Rastinejad, J.; Fong, W.
10	2022GCN.32745....1G	2022/10	GRB221009A: Ionospheric disturbance observed in India Guha, A.; Nicholson, P.

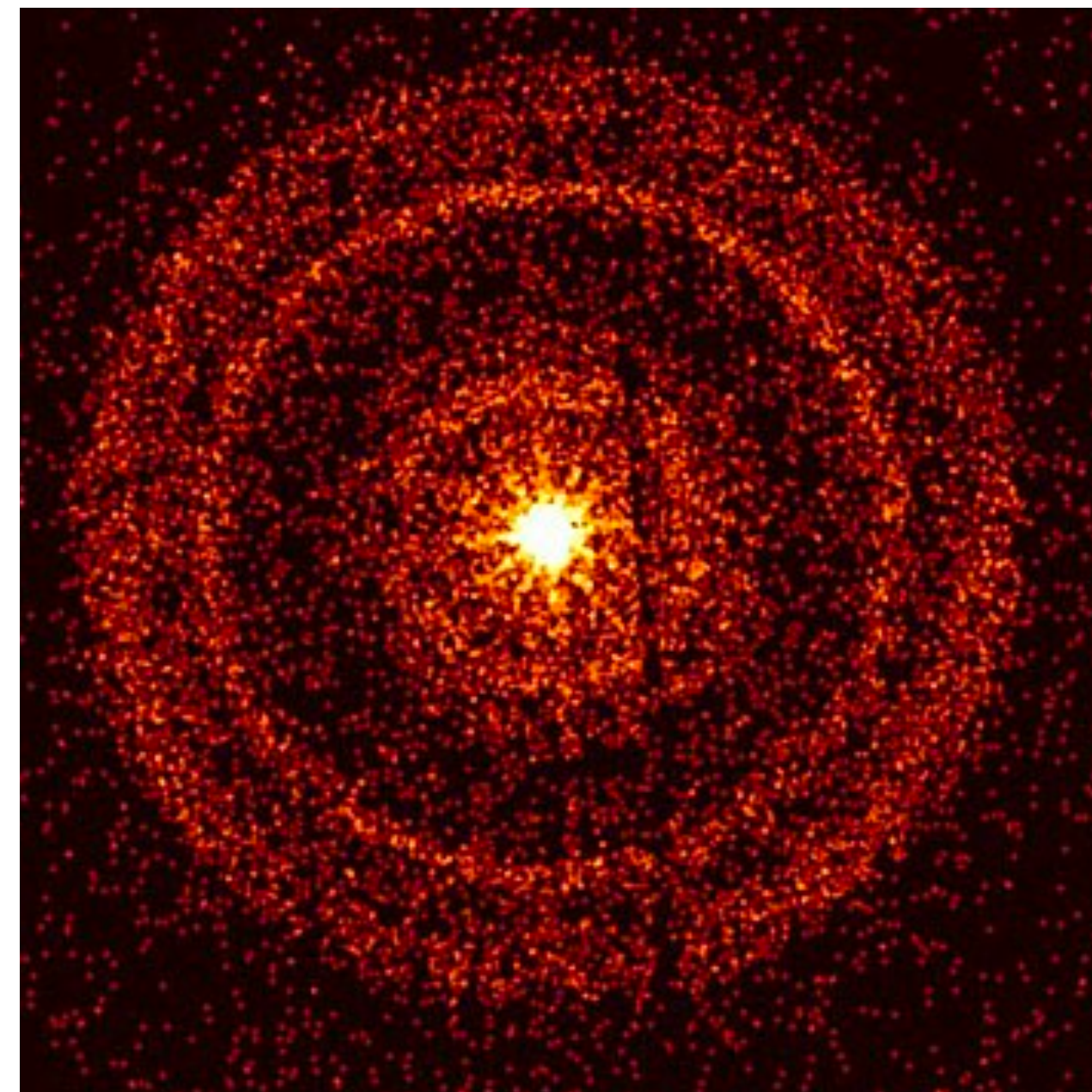
The BOAT: some milestones

- IceCube & KM3Net did not find any evidence of high energy neutrinos coming from this source.



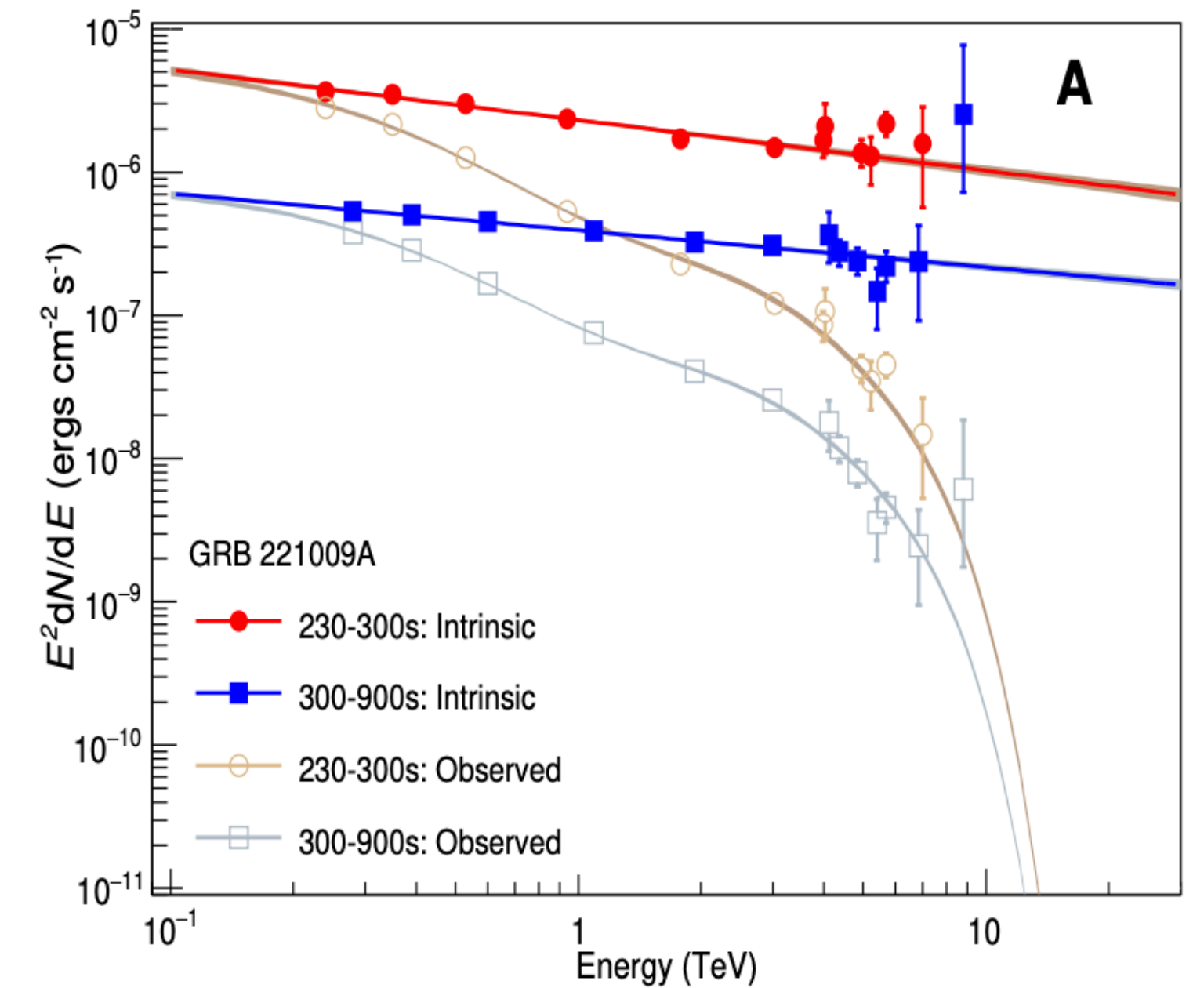
IceCube Collab. 2023

- XMM-Newton observed expanding X-ray rings generated by scattering in Galactic dust clouds



Tiengo et al. 2023

- LHAASO observed several >100 GeV photons and one 13 TeV photon after ~200s from the burst trigger



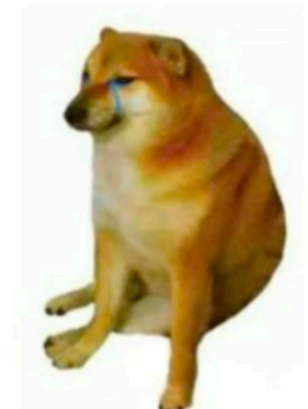
LHAASO Collab. 2023

LHAASO



18 TeV
100 sigma
5000 photons

IACTs

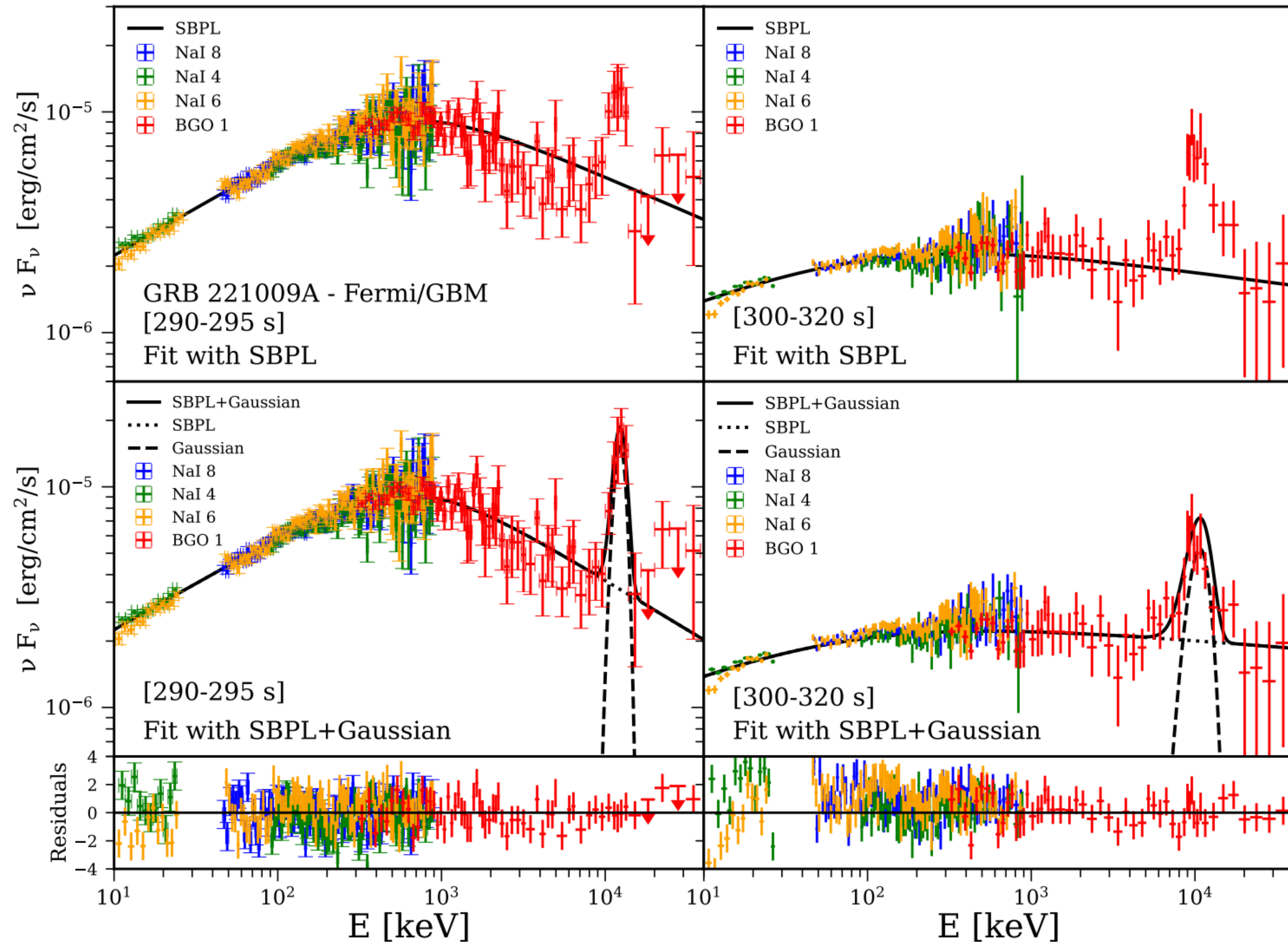


the moooooon
is too briiiiiight

Credit: S.Zhu/
D.Green

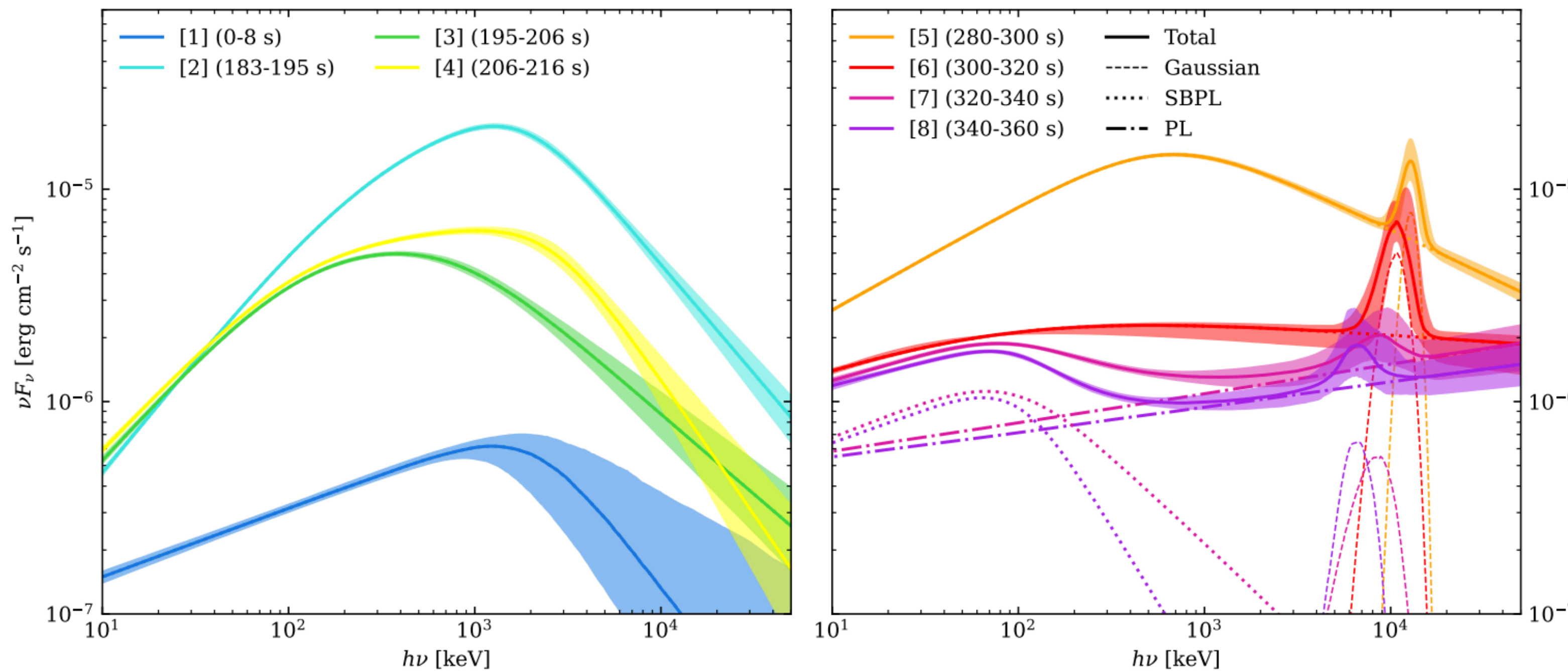
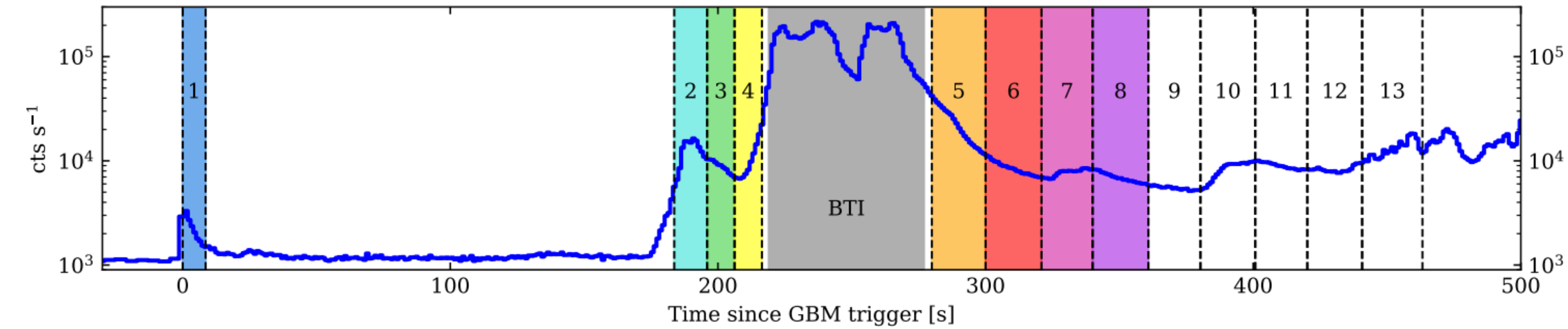
The first emission line in a GRB spectrum

Ravasio M.E., Salafia O.S., Oganessian G., **Mei A.** et al. 2023, under review Science



The first emission line in a GRB spectrum

Ravasio M.E., Salafia O.S., Oganessian G., **Mei A.** et al. 2023



- Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) confirms the presence of the line with 6.6σ and 11.6σ in the [280-300 s] and [300-320 s] time-intervals, respectively

- Both the line peak energy E_{peak} and peak luminosity L_{peak} are decreasing over time. Instead, the width does not show any trend.

$$E_{peak} [\text{MeV}] : 12.56 \pm 0.03 \rightarrow 6.12^{+0.74}_{-0.59}$$

$$L_{peak} [\text{erg/s}] : (1.12 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{50} \rightarrow (2.1 \pm 0.10) \times 10^{49}$$

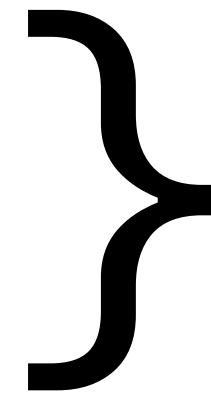
Looking for the line in other GRBs

- We looked for the presence of a MeV line in a sample of 6 GRBs:

GRB 230307A

GRB 130427A

GRB 160625B

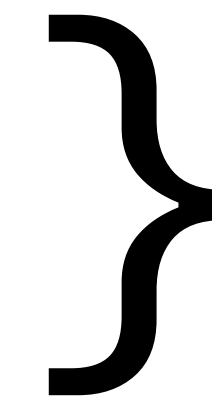


Brightest GRBs

GRB 170409A

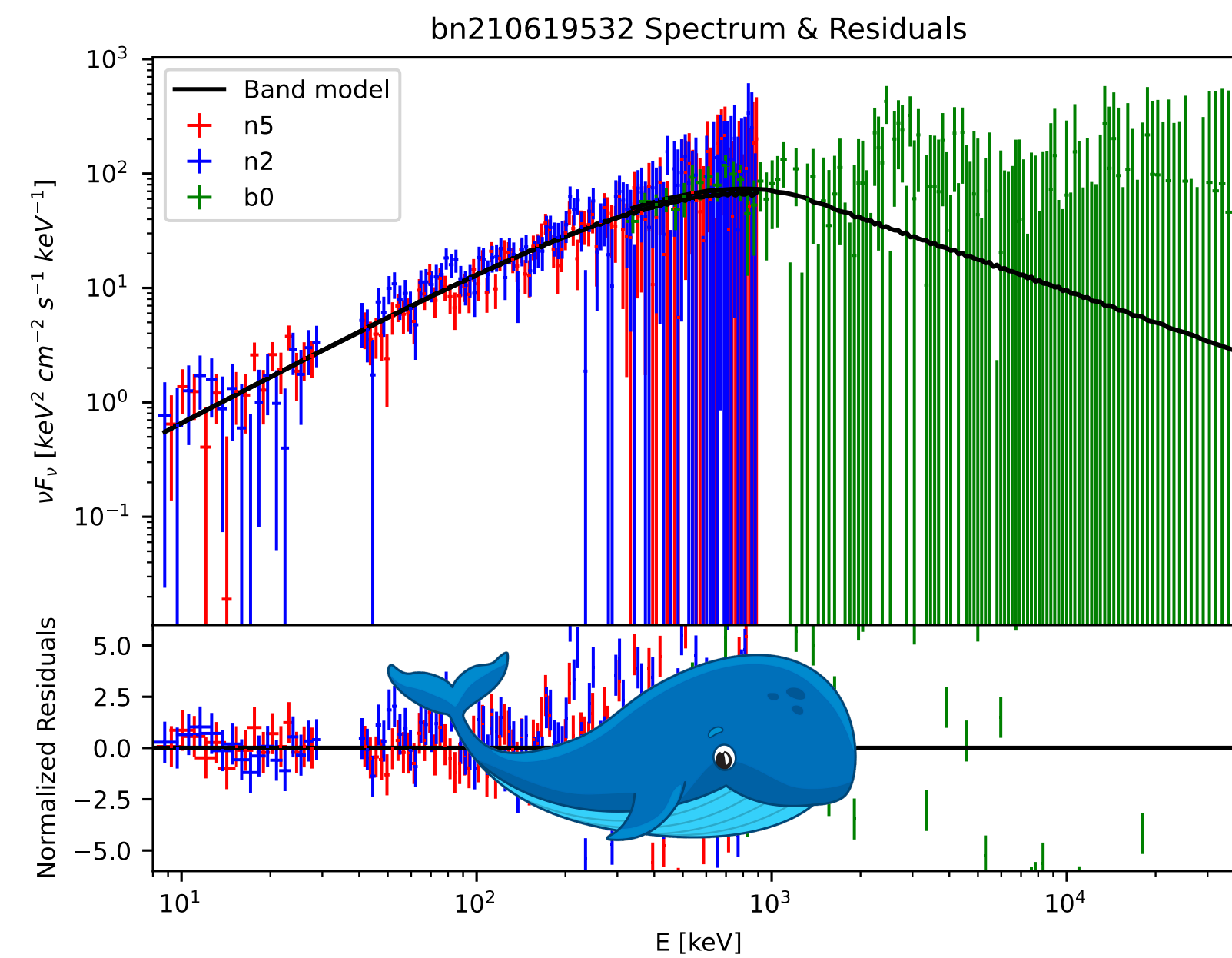
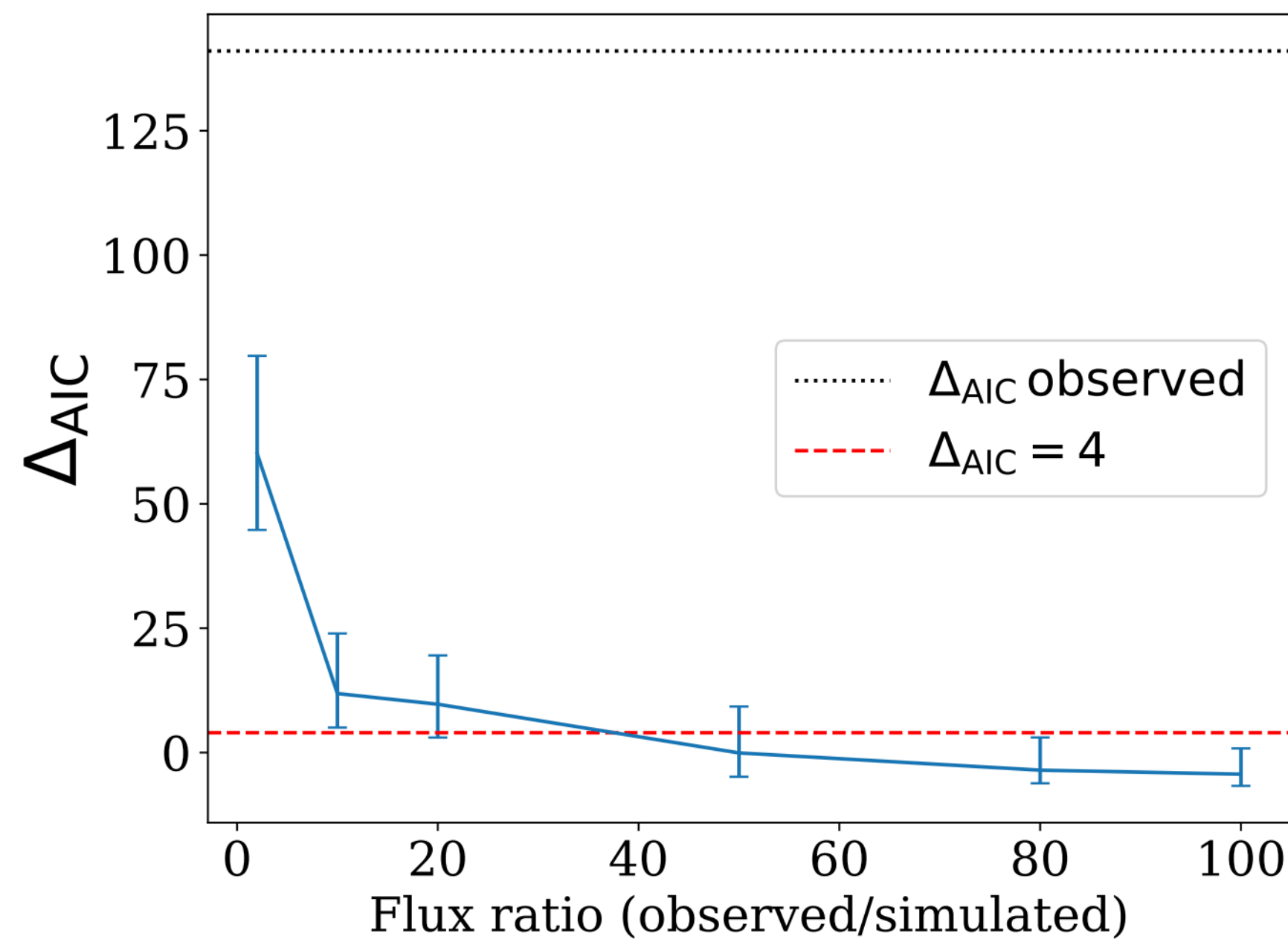
GRB 171227A

GRB 130606B

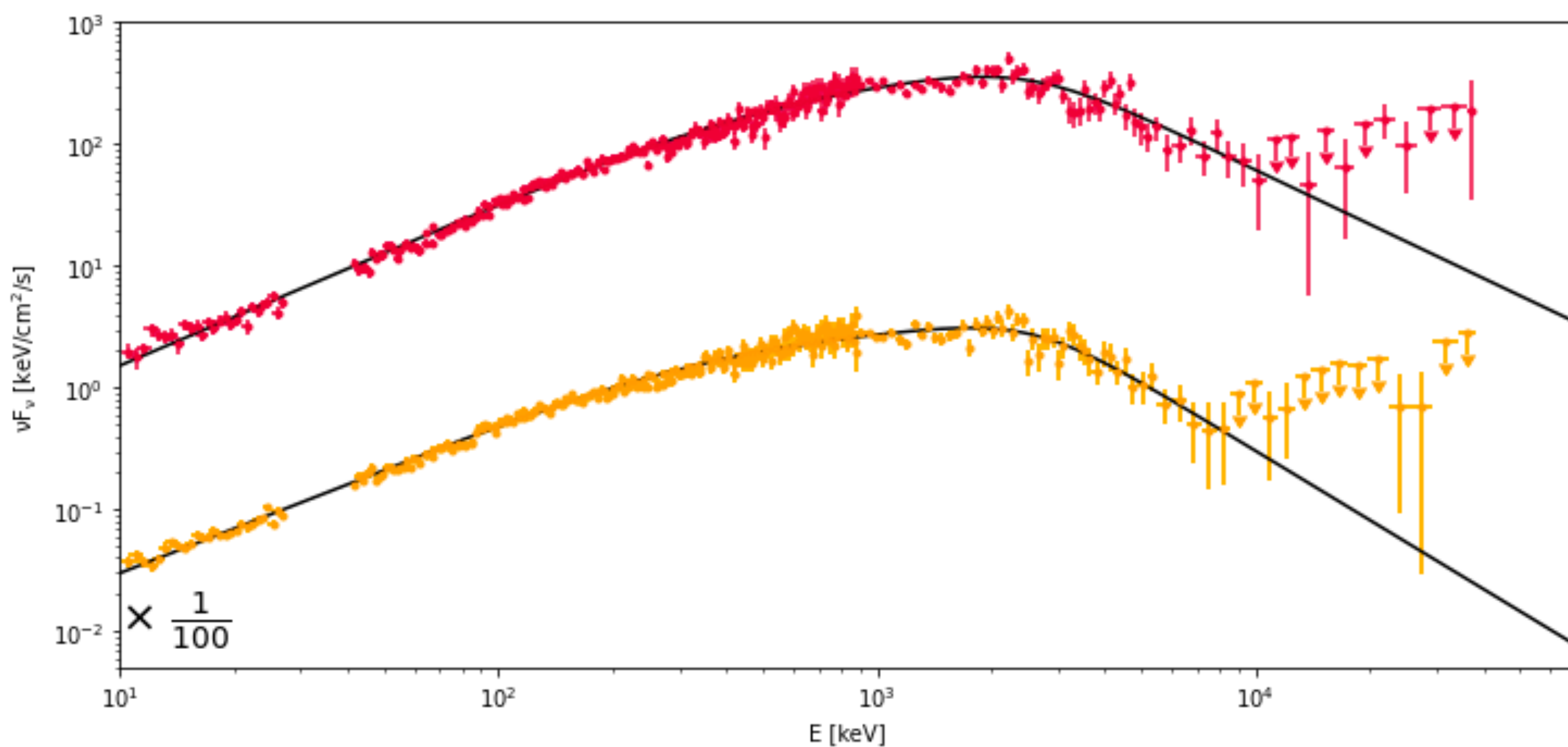
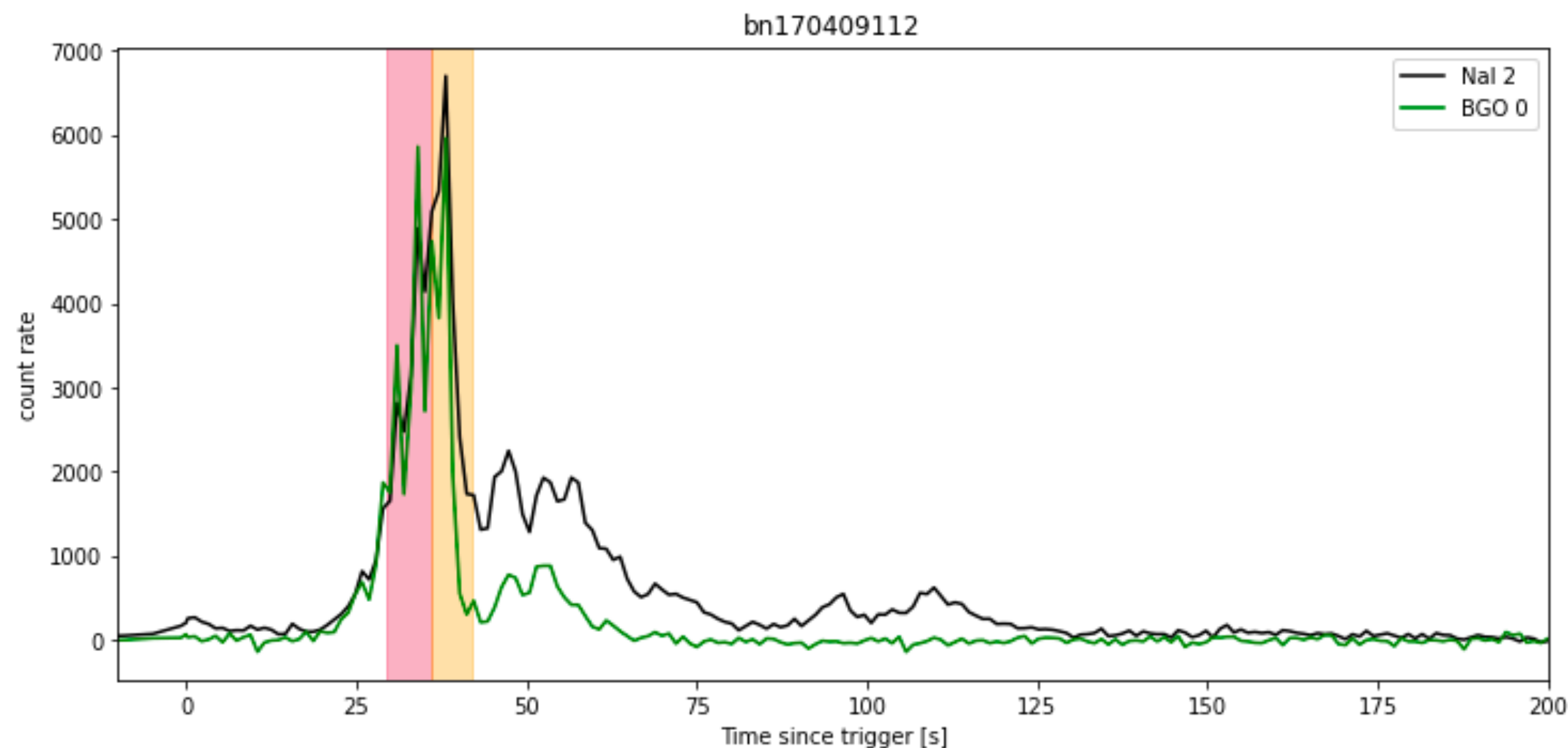


Best BGO viewing angle

$$\theta_{BGO} \lesssim 40^\circ$$



Looking for the line in other GRBs

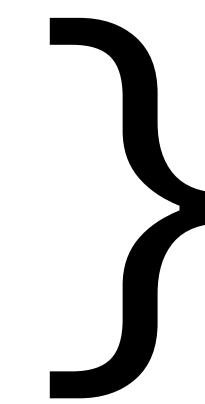


- We looked for the presence of a MeV line in a sample of 6 GRBs:

GRB 230307A

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GRB 160625B

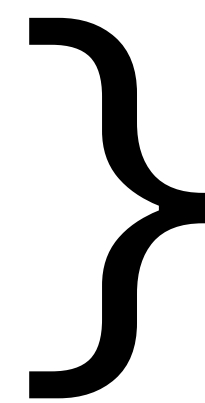


Brightest GRBs

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GRB 130606B

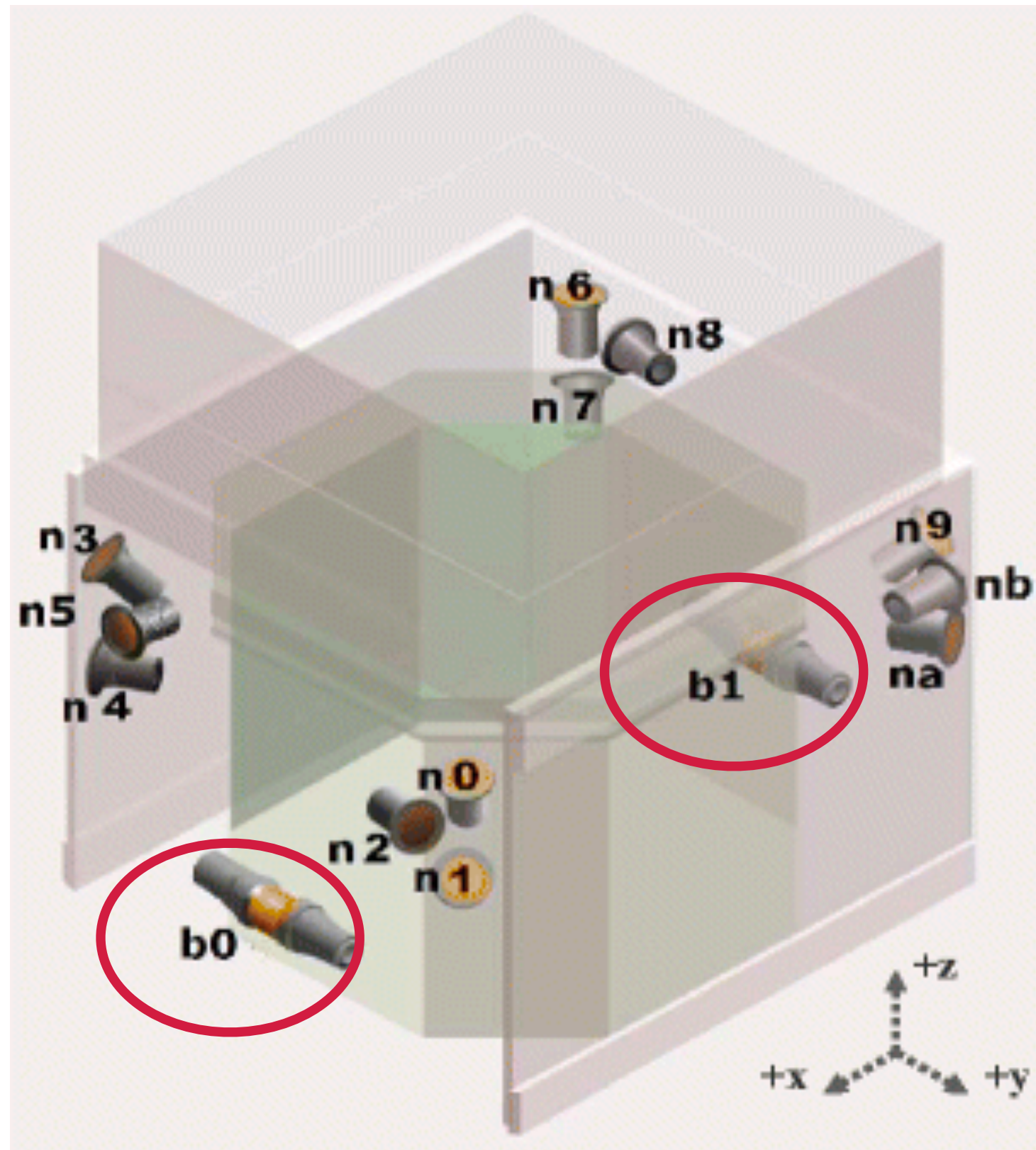


Best BGO viewing angle

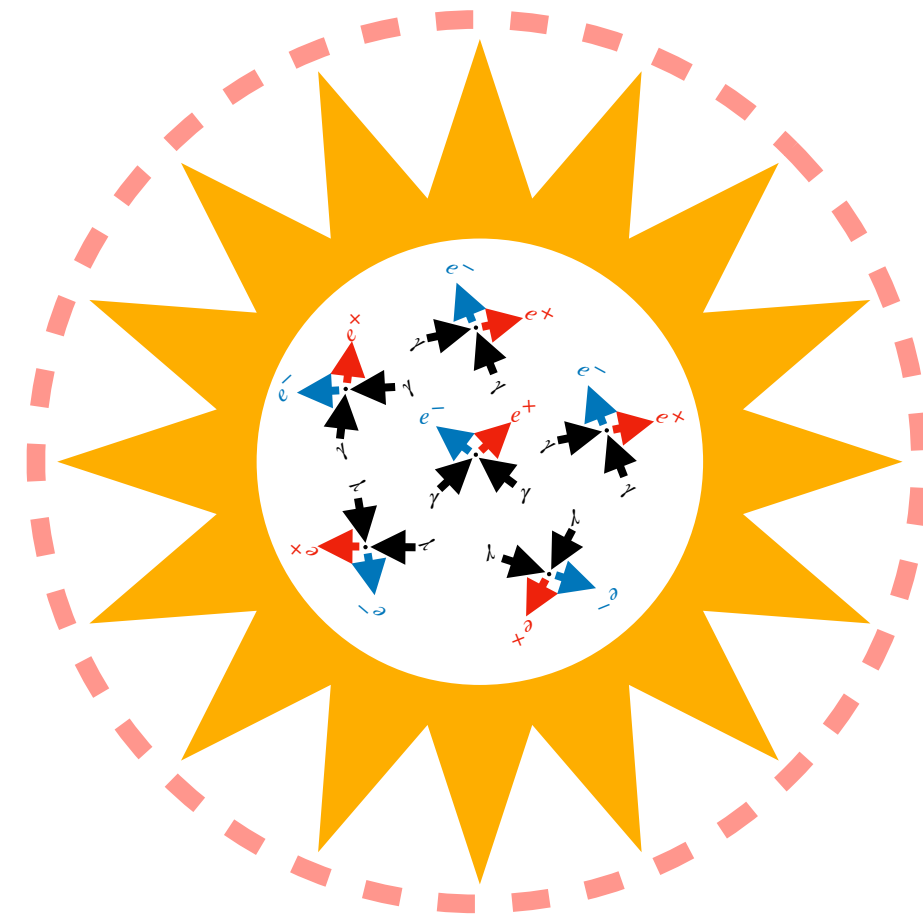
$$\theta_{BGO} \lesssim 40^\circ$$

What can produce a MeV line?

- Instrumental effects?



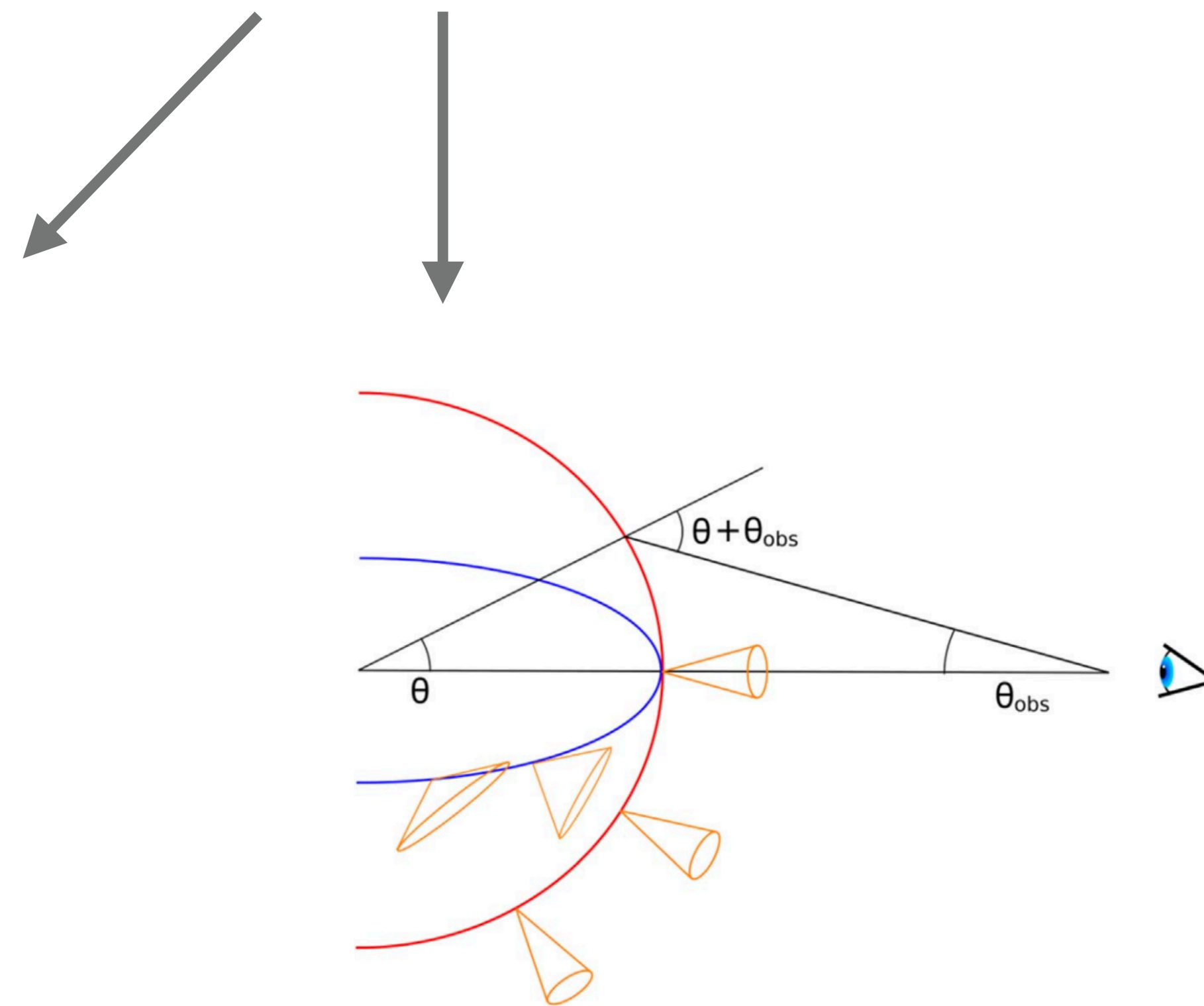
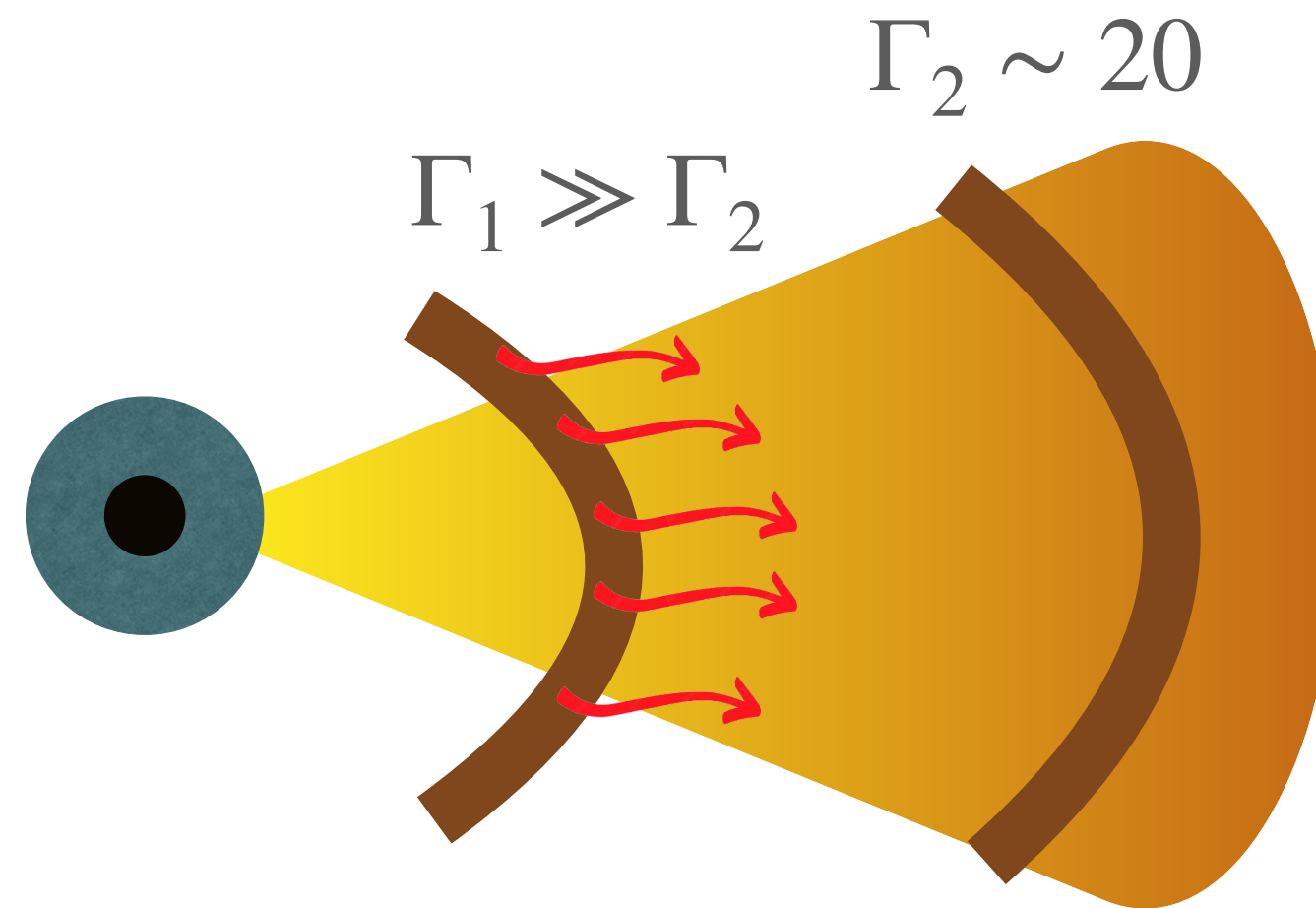
- Pair-annihilation blue-shifted line?



$$E'_{\text{th},\gamma\gamma} = m_e c^2 = 0.511 \text{ MeV}$$

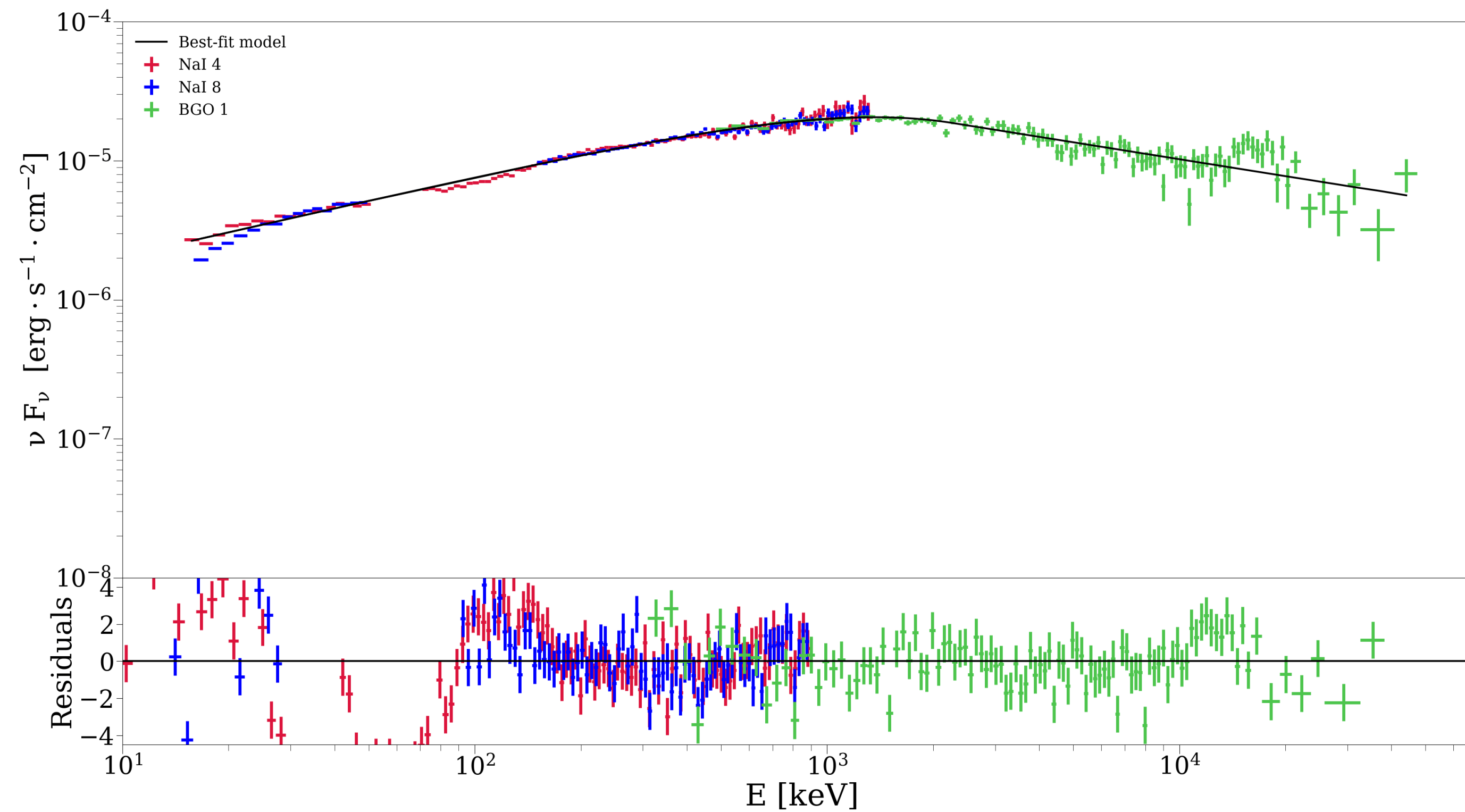
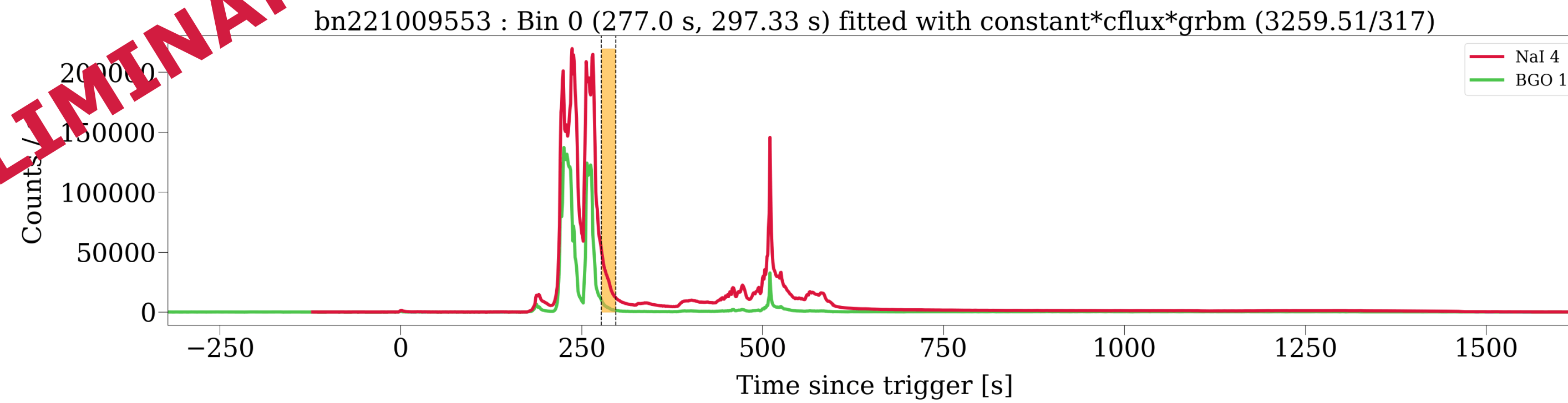
$$E_{\text{th},\gamma\gamma} = \Gamma m_e c^2 \simeq 10 \text{ MeV} \rightarrow \Gamma \simeq 20$$

Usually $\Gamma_{\text{GRB}} \gtrsim 100$!!!

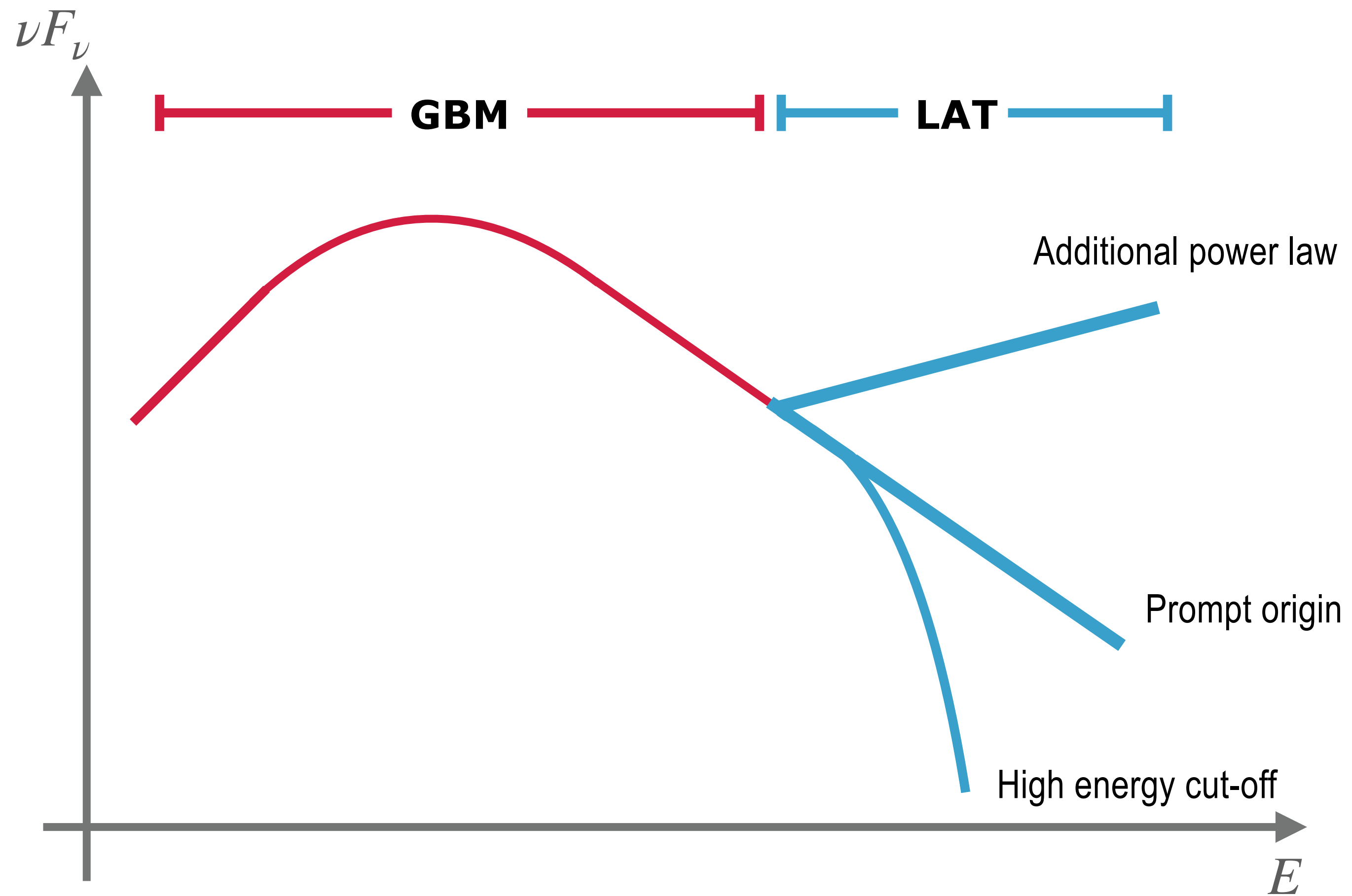


We are not done with the BOAT 🥲

PRELIMINARY



HE component in prompt emission phase

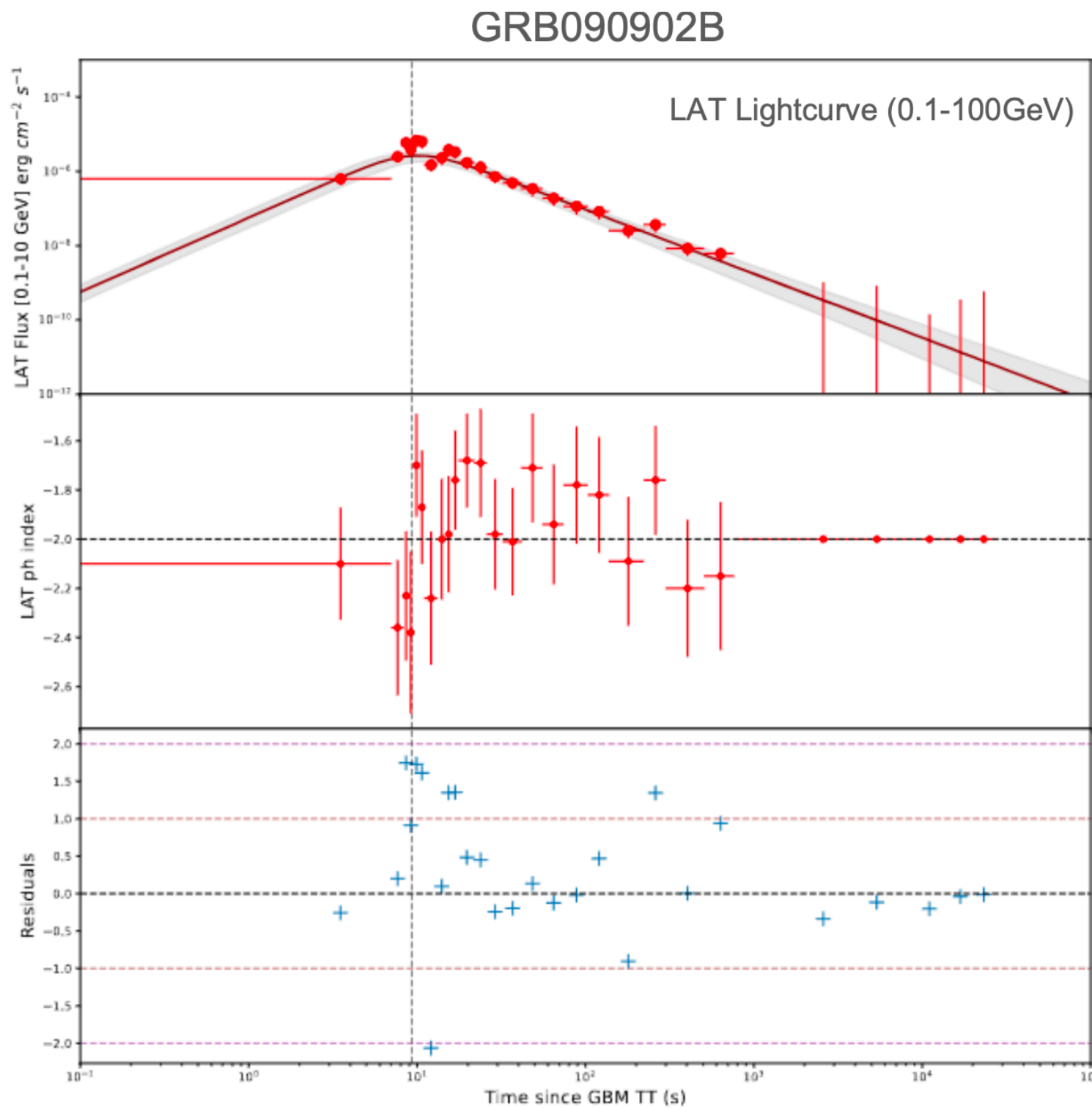


HE component in prompt emission phase

Time resolved analysis of 80 spectra and 14 GRBs

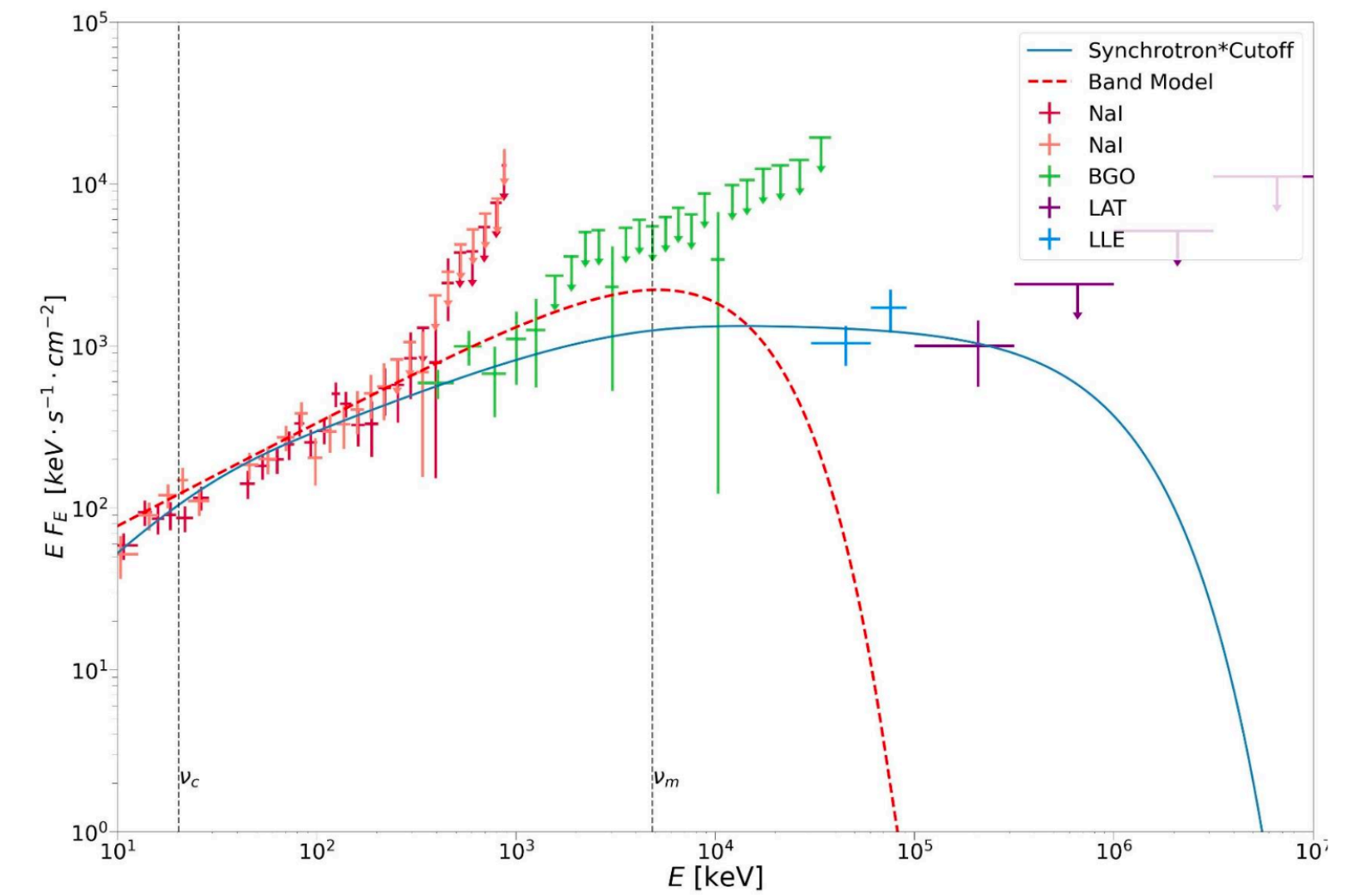
GBM + LLE + LAT
+ Physical model for Prompt emission

Only **synchrotron**

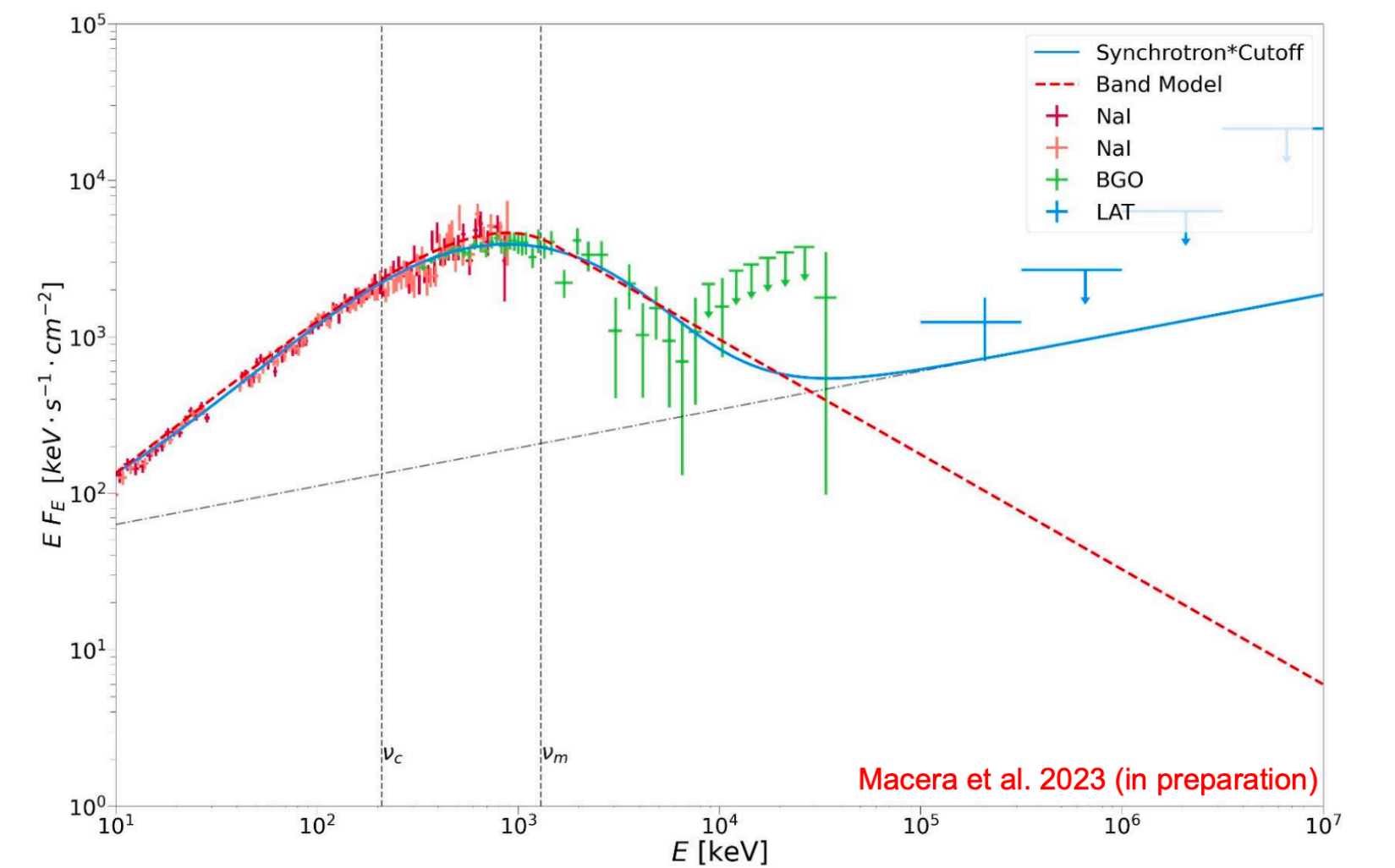


Synchrotron +
power law

GRB080916C



GRB221023A



Macera et al. 2023 (in preparation)

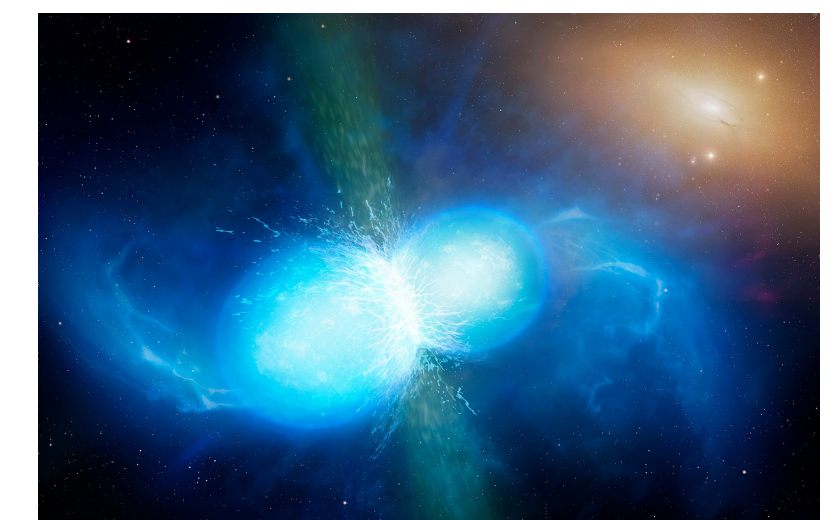
The fourth observational run (O4)



- May 24, 2023: LIGO officially started the run
- Virgo will join in March 2024, KAGRA still under commissioning
- LIGO alone reaches a range of 150 Mpc
- ~50 BBH observed so far, no BNS!



(Like GRB 211211A, GRB 230307A)

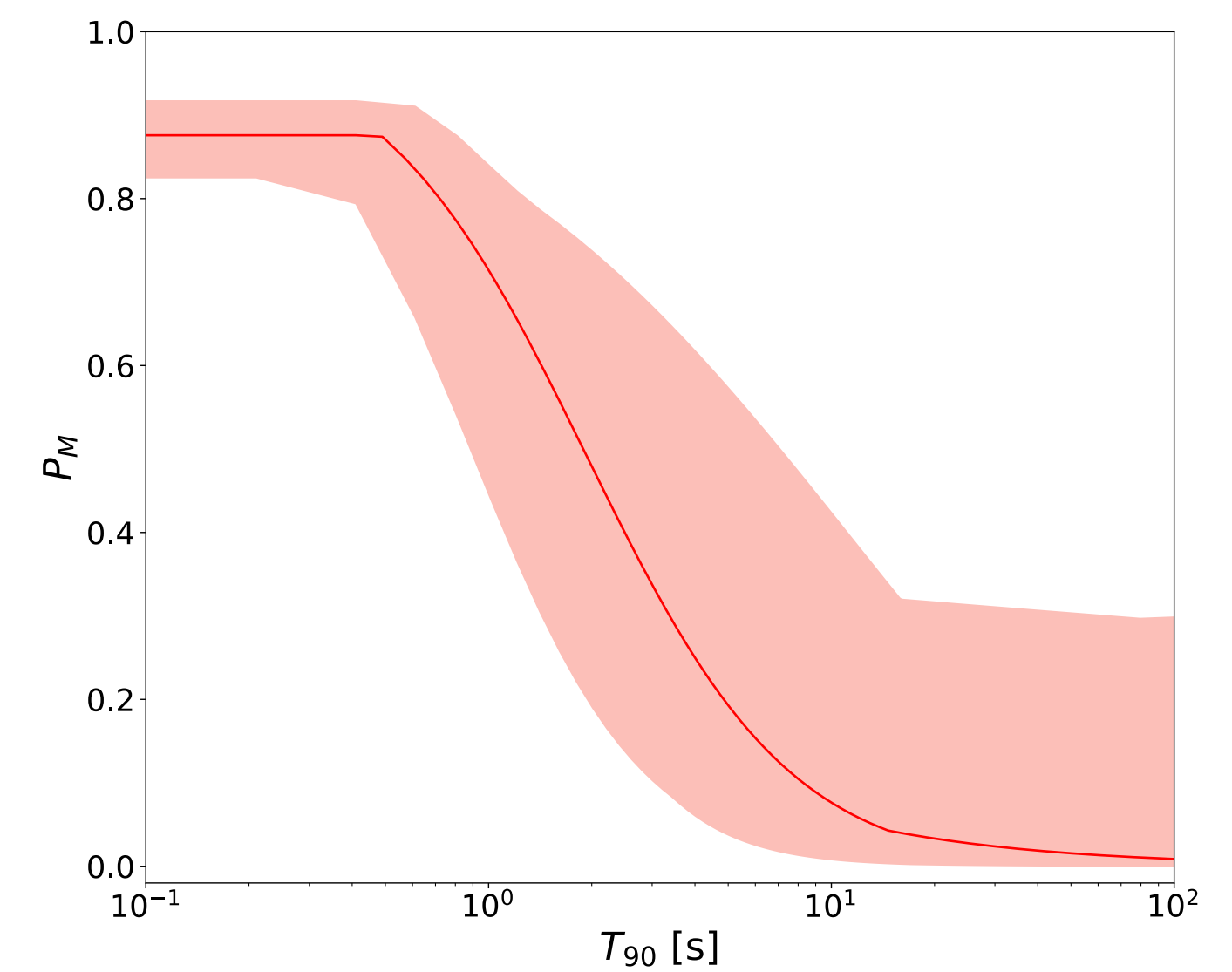
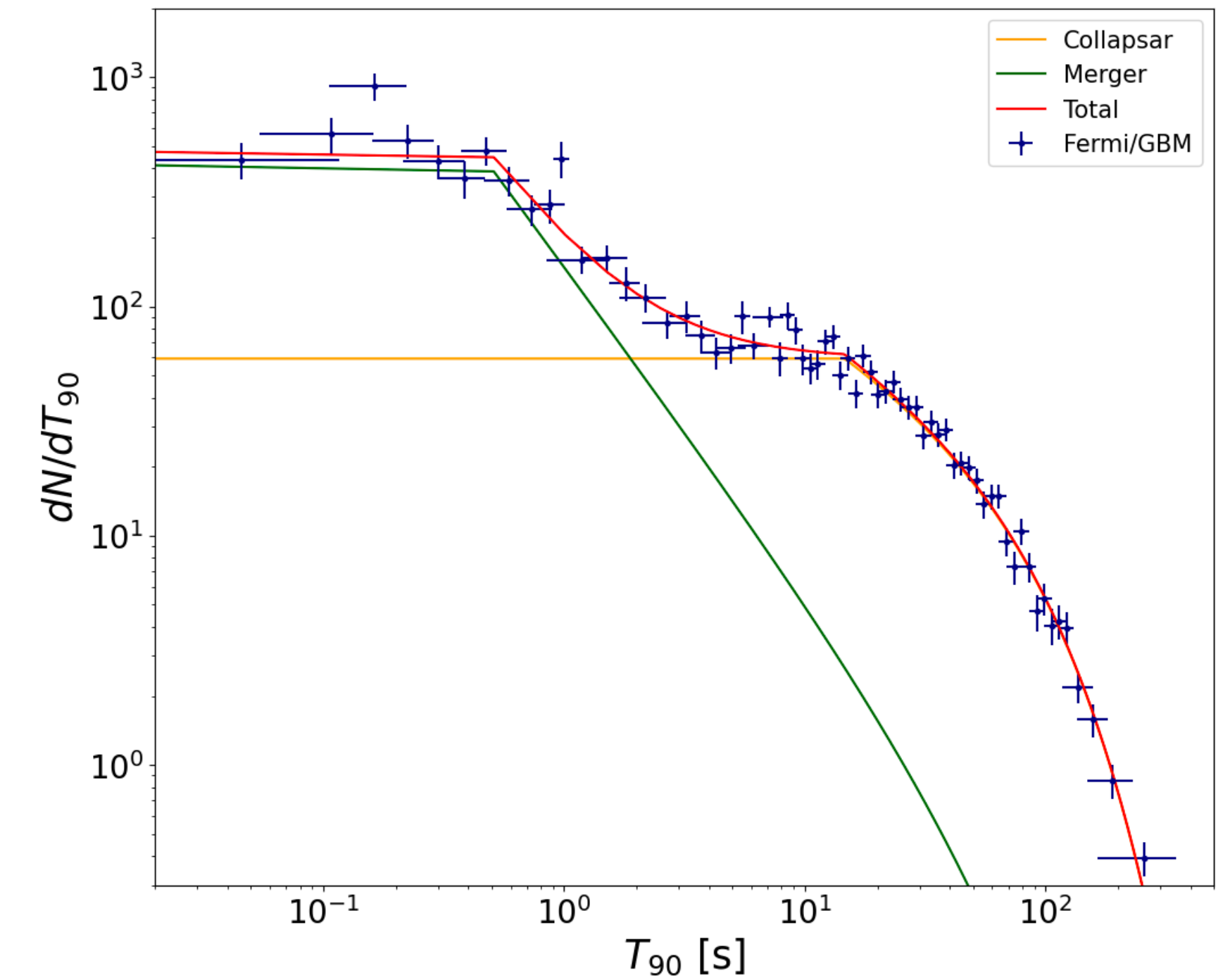
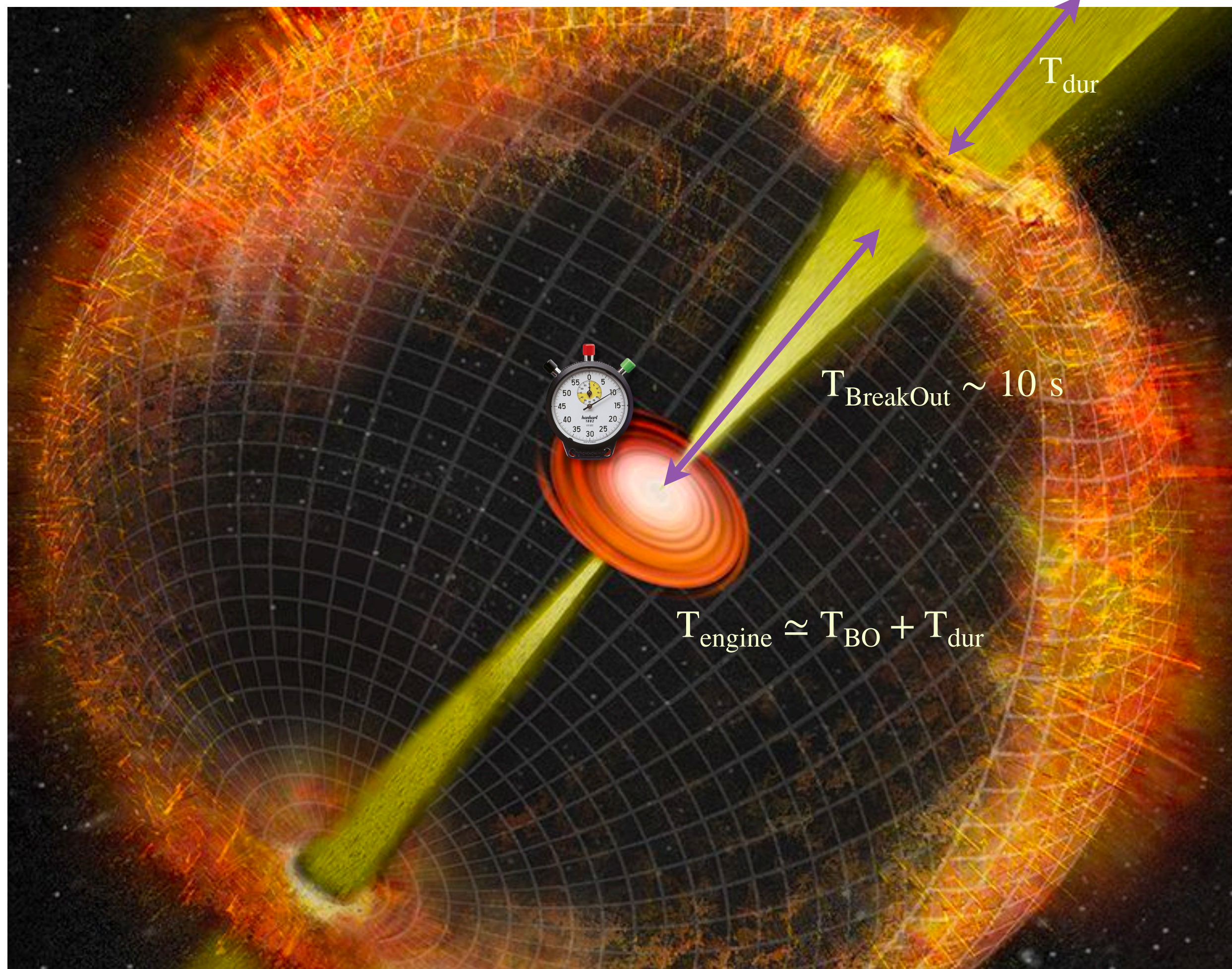


Challenge:

Looking for
Oddballs
In offline search

Searching for a new progenitor observable

Bromberg et al. 2011, 2012, 2013, Moharana & Piran 2017



Summary

GBM automatic analysis tool applied to :

- **BOAT GRB** prompt analysis, where we discovered the **first MeV emission feature** in a GRB spectrum and searched for others in the catalog.
- A catalog of **bright LAT sources**, to systematically analyse which **emission contribution** is observed in LAT using **physically-motivated models**.
- The **Fermi/GBM catalog** (and a sub-sample with measured **redshift**), to look for a **new observable** able to give precious hints on the **progenitor** nature.

What's next?

- **Systematic** analysis of GRB **soft extended emission**
- Very likely the next **crazy** GRB!



- Mei A. , Banerjee B., Oganesyan G., Salafia O.S. et al. 2022. DOI:10.1038/s41586-022-05404-7

- Mei A. , Oganesyan G., Tsvetkova A., Ravasio M.E. et al. 2022. DOI:10.3847/1538-4357/aca091

- Ravasio M.E., Salafia O.M., Oganesyan G., Mei A. et al. 2023. DOI: 10.48550/arXiv.2303.16223

- Macera S., ... , Mei A. et al. 2023 in prep.

