

QUANTUM ENTROPY AND TRACE INEQUALITIES

RELEVANT BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1) Eric Carlen, "Trace Inequalities and Quantum Entropy: An Introductory Course", 73-140 Contemp. Math. 529, Amer. Math. Soc. (2010).
- 2) Mark Wilde, "Quantum Information Theory", Cambridge University Press.
- 3) Marco Tomamichel, "Quantum Information Processing with Finite Resources", Springer Briefs in Mathematical Physics.

1. BASIC DEFINITIONS AND NOTATIONS

- *) M_n : Space of $n \times n$ m (also referred to as operators on \mathbb{C}^n)
- *) $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$: Inner product on \mathbb{C}^n , or other Hilbert spaces \mathcal{H} , \mathcal{K} , \mathcal{L} .

on \mathbb{C}^n is a convex set.

are

on \mathbb{C}^n ,

called pure states.

Remark Observables in quantum mechanical systems are general
on infinite-dimensional, separable Hilbert spaces.

Here we restrict to finite-dimensional spaces.

Reason? Density matrices

of the entropic

quantities \rightarrow See Nilanjana Datta's talk!

Von Neumann Entropy:

$$S(\rho) := -\text{Tr}[\rho \log \rho]$$