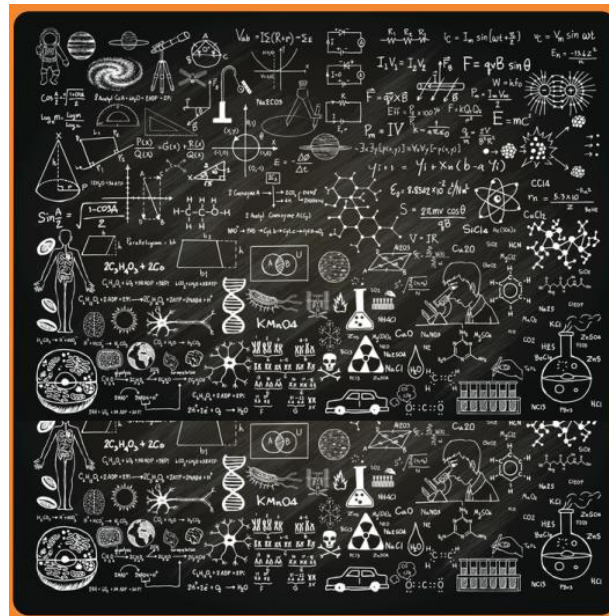




DAMPE space mission and recent results

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On Behalf of the DAMPE collaboration
Gran Sasso Science Institute (GSSI)
& INFN Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso



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Overview

- Introduction of the collaboration and scientific goals of DAMPE
- DAMPE structure and functionality parameters
- Recent results concerning spectra of electron, proton and helium
- Brief introduction on our analysis on proton + helium spectrum



The Collaboration



Launched on December 17th 2015, DAMPE has been collecting CR data for more than 4 years!

- **CHINA**

- Purple Mountain Observatory, CAS, Nanjing
- University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei
- Institute of High Energy Physics, CAS, Beijing
- National Space Science Center, CAS, Beijing
- Institute of Modern Physics, CAS, Lanzhou



- **ITALY**

- INFN Perugia and University of Perugia
- INFN Bari and University of Bari
- INFN Lecce and University of Salento
- INFN LNGS and Gran Sasso Science Institute



- **SWITZERLAND**

- University of Geneva

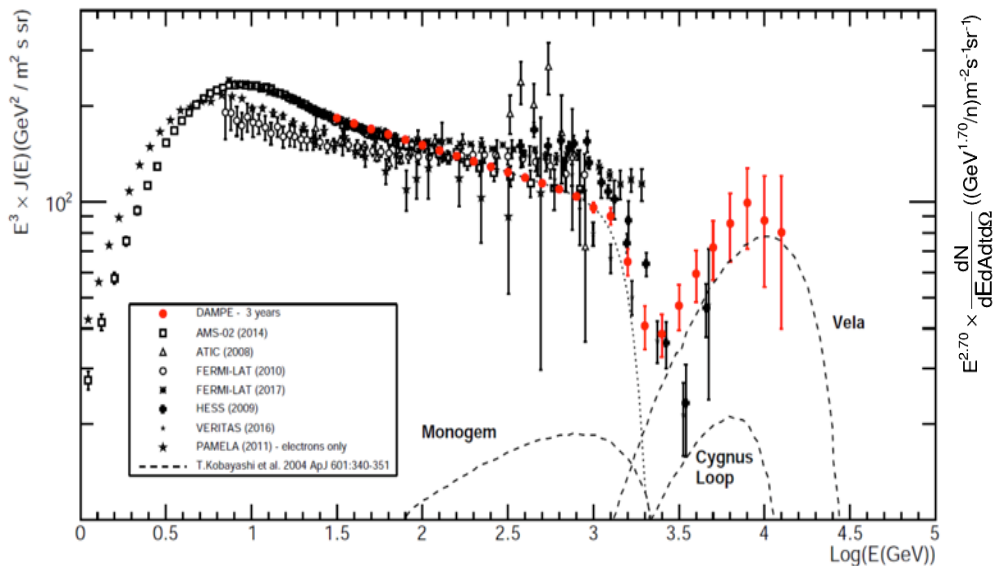


The scientific goals

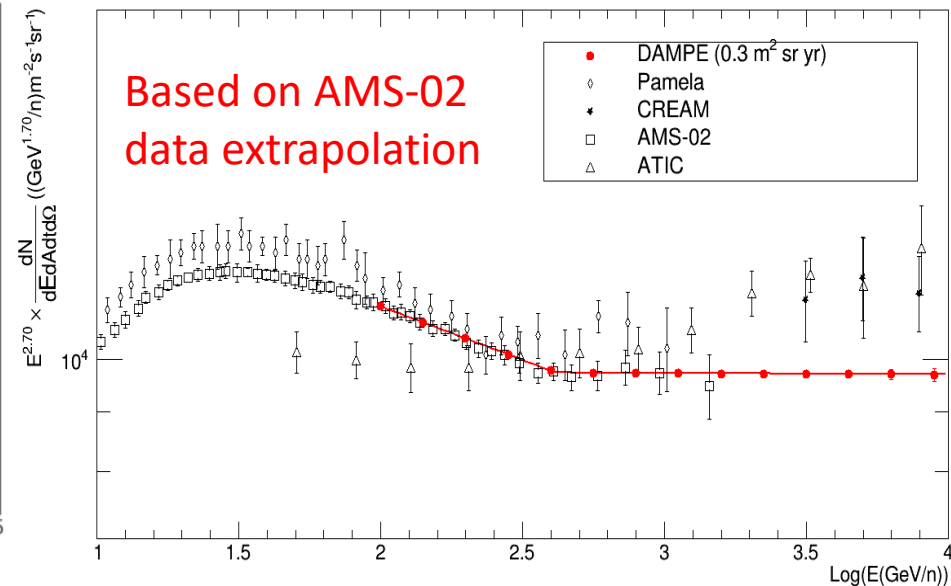
High energy particle detection in space

- Study of the cosmic-ray electron spectra
- Study of cosmic-ray protons and nuclei: spectrum and composition
- High energy gamma ray astronomy
- Search for dark matter signatures in lepton spectra

DAMPE expected electron+positron spectrum



DAMPE expected proton spectrum



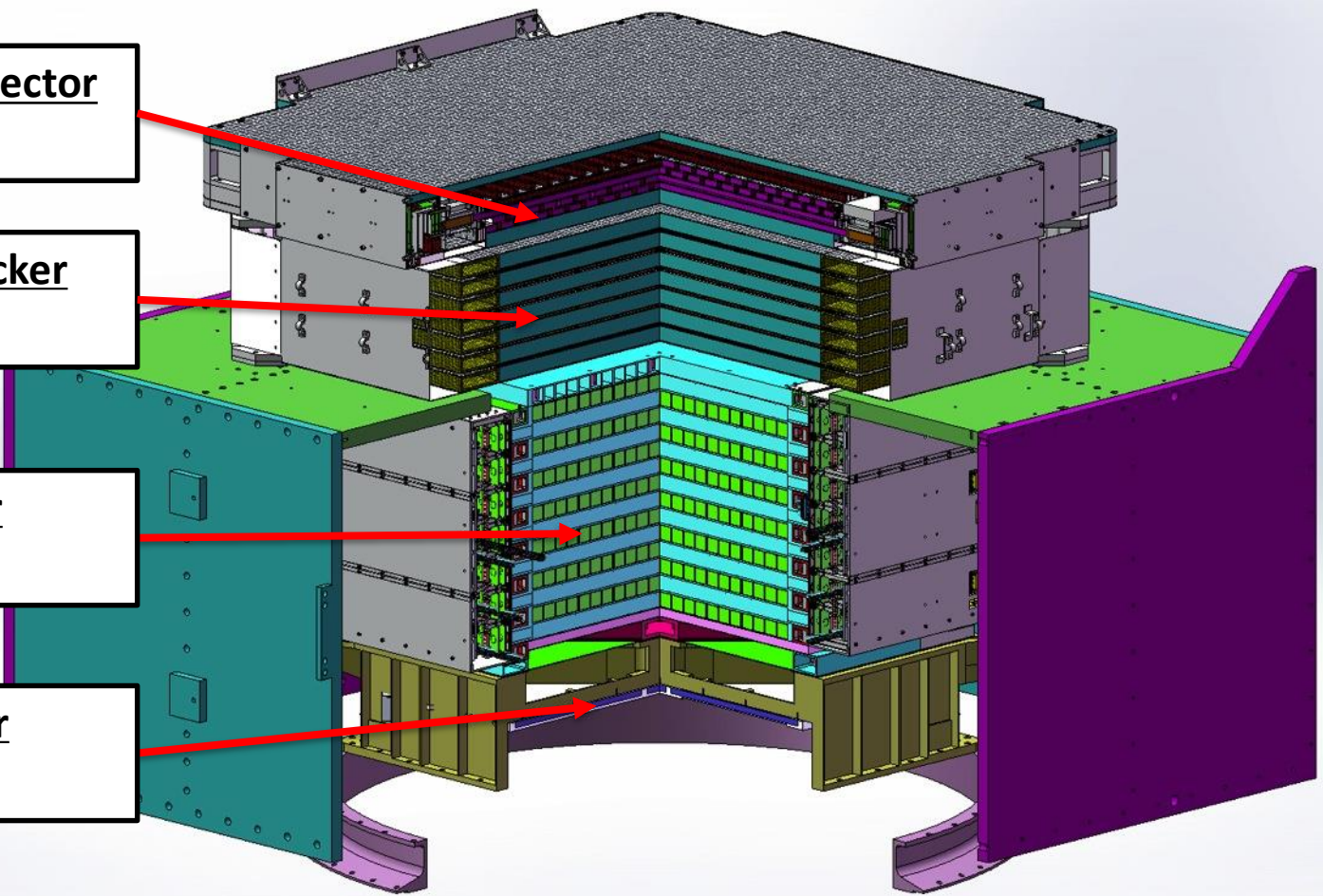
The detector structure

Plastic Scintillator Detector
(PSD)

Silicon-Tungsten Tracker
(STK)

BGO Calorimeter
(BGO)

Neutron Detector
(NUD)



- PSD: Charge measurement; Identify electron and γ -ray;**
- STK: Tungsten converter (pair production); Precise tracking (silicon strips);**
- BGO: Energy measurement; e/p separation;**
- NUD: Hadron rejection;**

The detector parameters



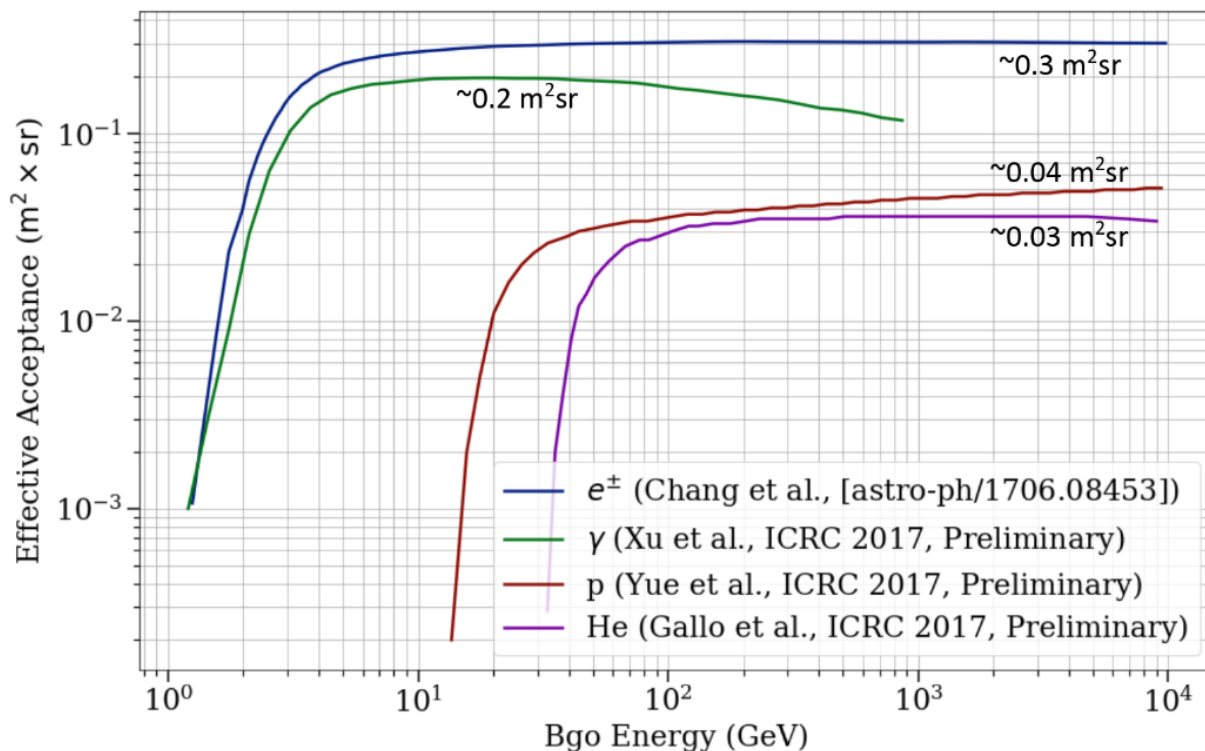
DAMPE main parameters

Parameter	Value
Energy range of γ -rays/electrons	5 GeV–10 TeV
Energy resolution ^a of γ -rays/electrons	$\leq 1.5\%$ at 800 GeV
Energy range of protons/heavy nuclei	50 GeV–100 TeV
Energy resolution ^a of protons	$\leq 40\%$ at 800 GeV
Effective area at normal incidence (γ -rays)	1100 cm ² at 100 GeV
Geometric factor for electrons	0.3 m ² sr above 30 GeV
Photon angular resolution ^b	$\leq 0.2^\circ$ at 100 GeV
Field of View (FoV)	~ 1.0 sr

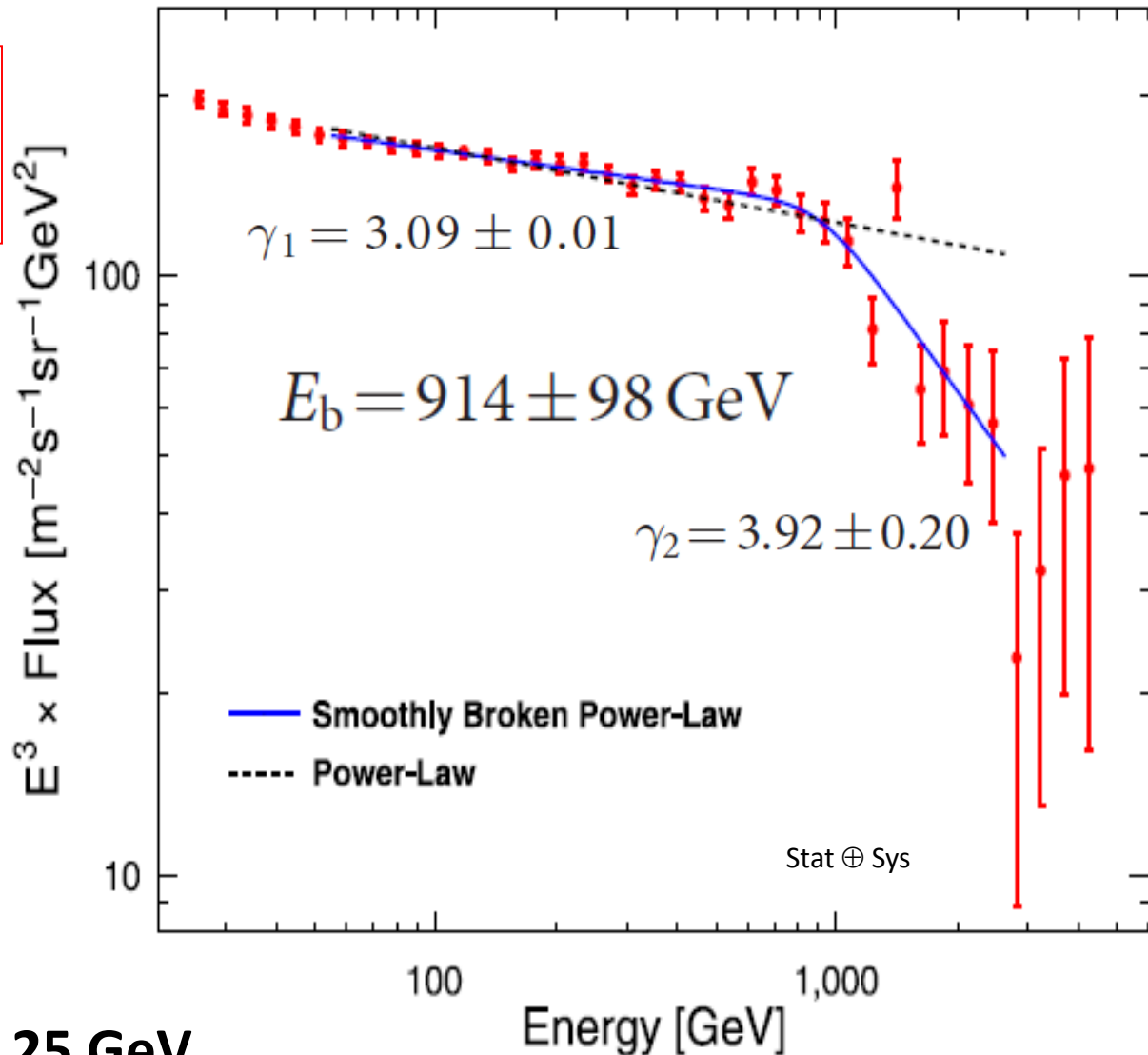
Comparison with AMS-02 and Fermi LAT

	DAMPE	AMS-02	Fermi LAT
e/ γ Energy res.@100 GeV (%)	1.2	3	10
e/ γ Angular res.@100 GeV (deg)	0.2	0.3	0.1
e/p discrimination	10^5-10^6	$10^5 - 10^6$	10^3
Calorimeter thickness (X_0)	32	17	8.6
Geometrical accep. (m ² sr)	0.3	0.09	1

DAMPE effective acceptance for different CR particles



The DAMPE ($e^+ + e^-$) spectrum

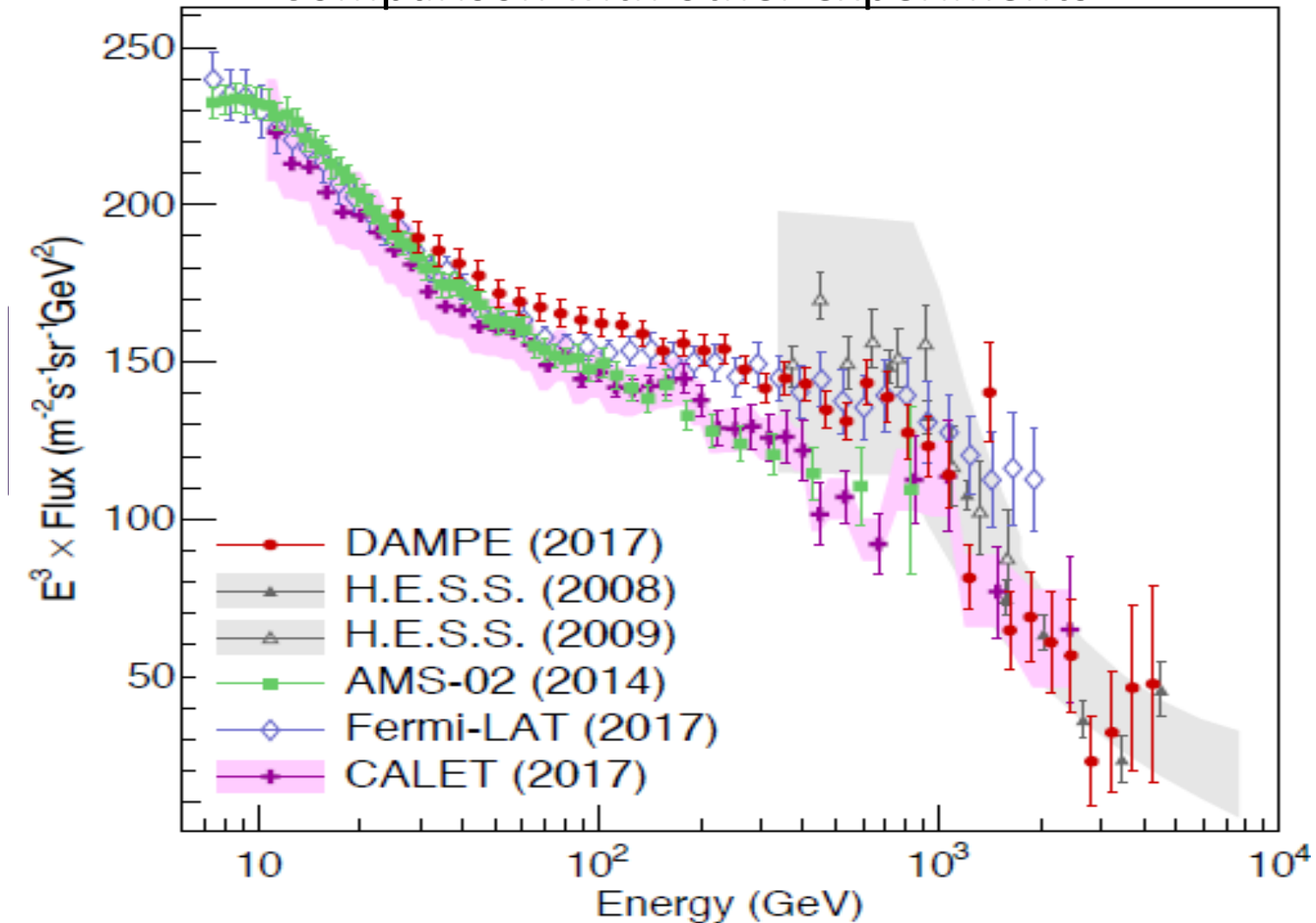


First Direct Evidence for a spectral break in the all-electron spectrum at 0.9 TeV

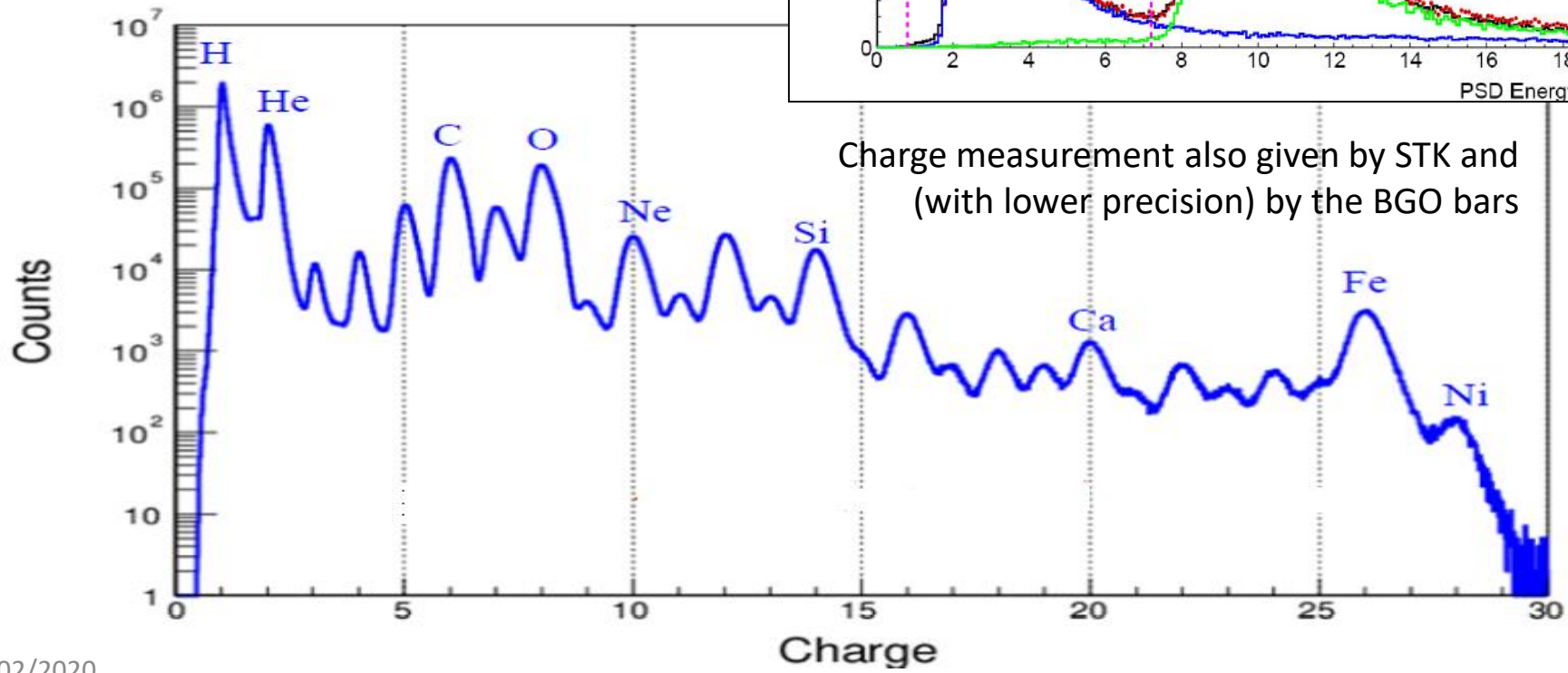
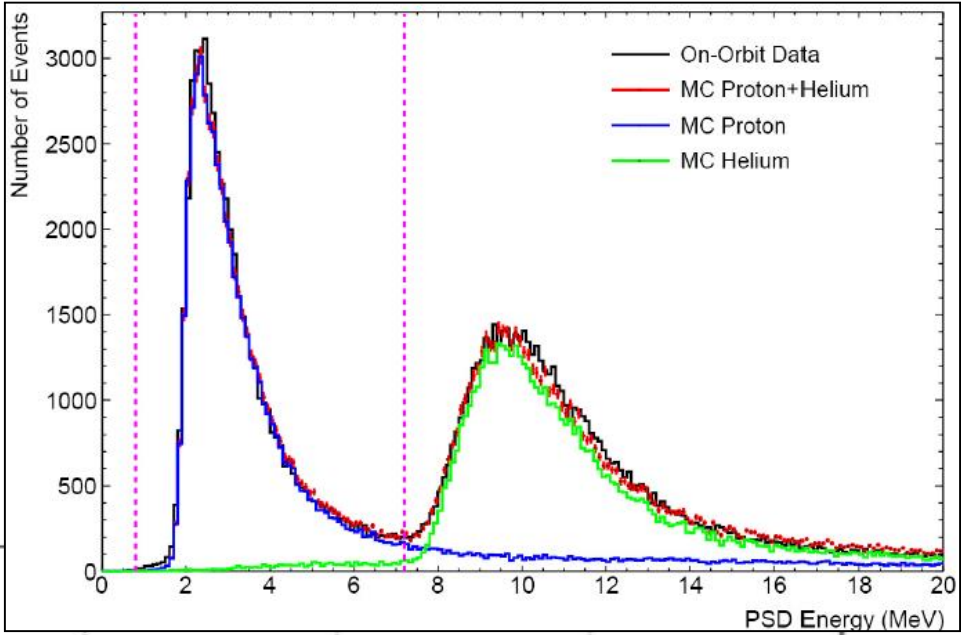
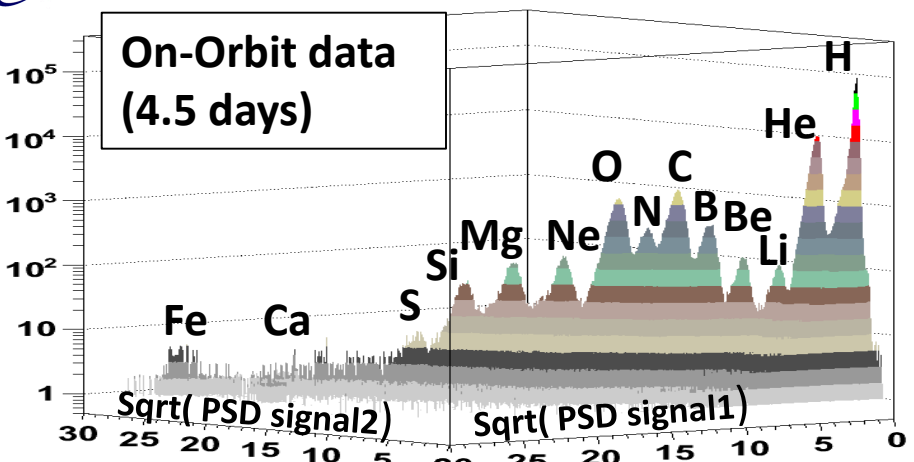
- 530 days
- 2.8 billions CR events
- 1.5 million CREs above 25 GeV

The all-electron spectrum

Comparison with other experiments

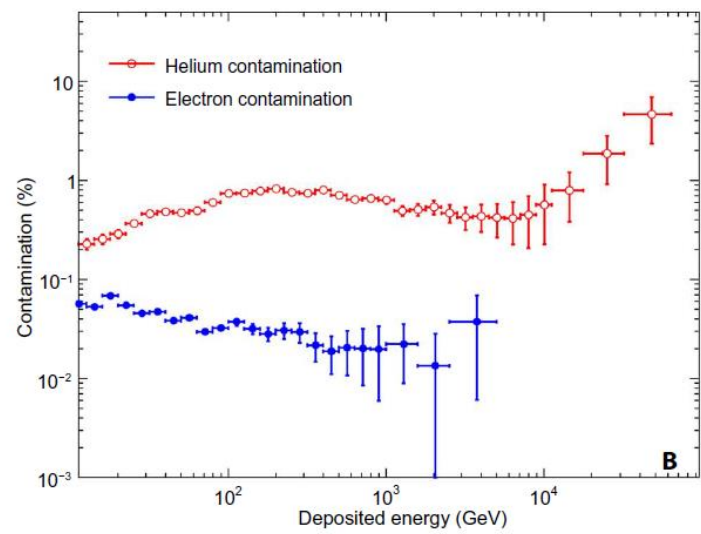
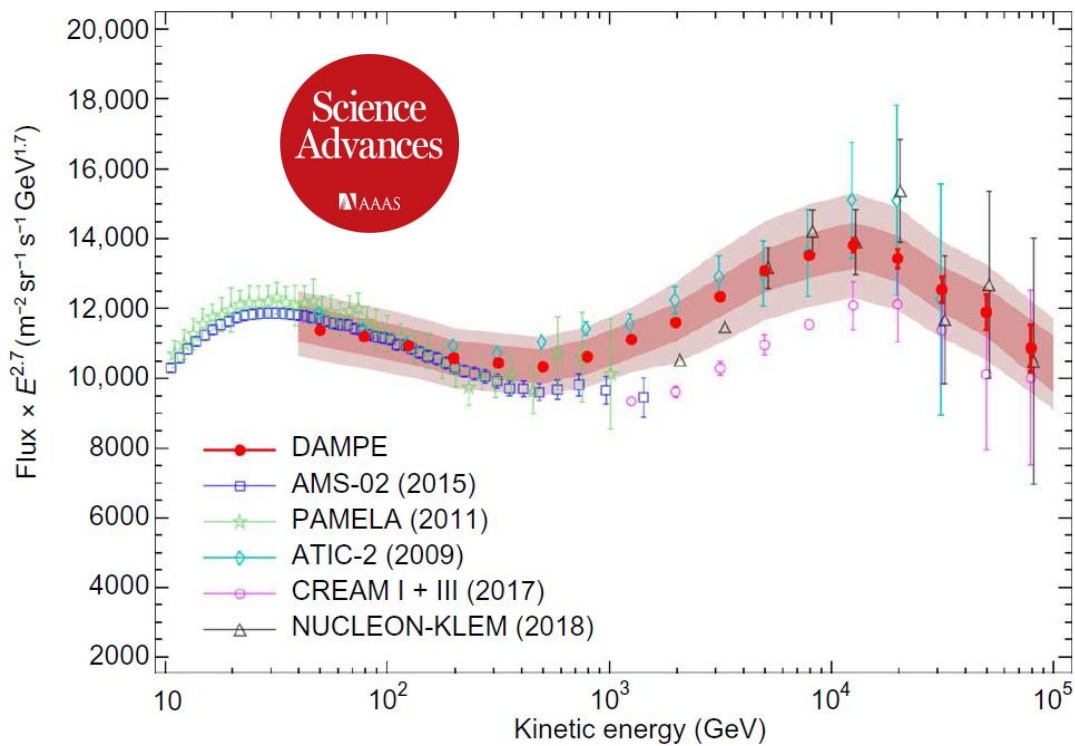


Nuclei ID with PSD



Charge measurement also given by STK and (with lower precision) by the BGO bars

Proton flux measurement



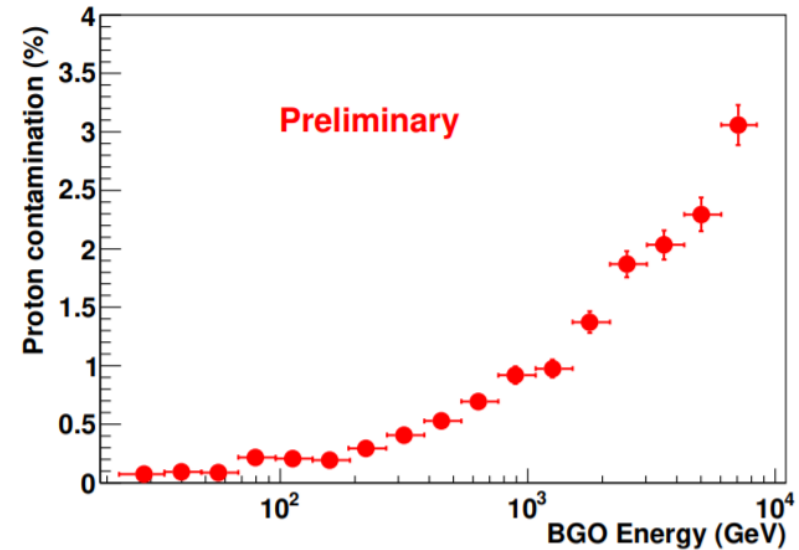
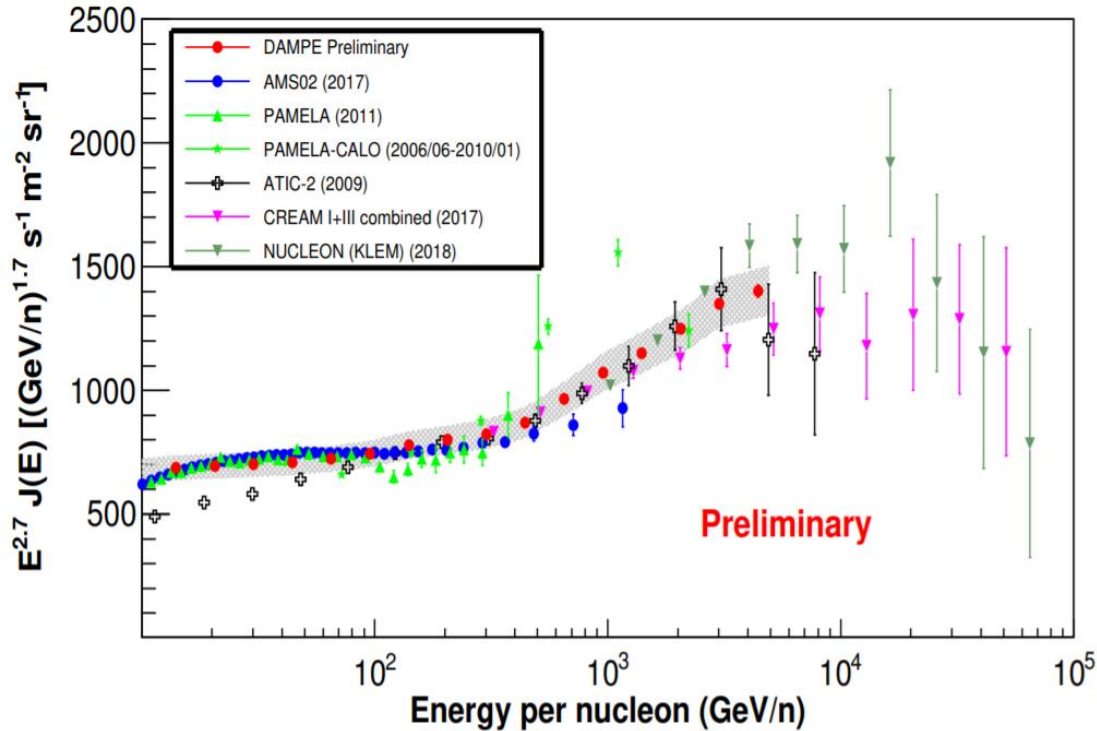
Electron contamination < 0.1% (negligible);
Helium contamination < 1% up to 10 TeV,
< 5% in total.

This result:

- confirms the spectral hardening around 300 GeV observed by ATIC/CREAM/PAMELA/AMS-02
- confirms the spectral softening at ~13 TeV with 4.6 σ confidence level

Helium flux measurement

DAMPE preliminary helium spectrum (From 36th ICRC)

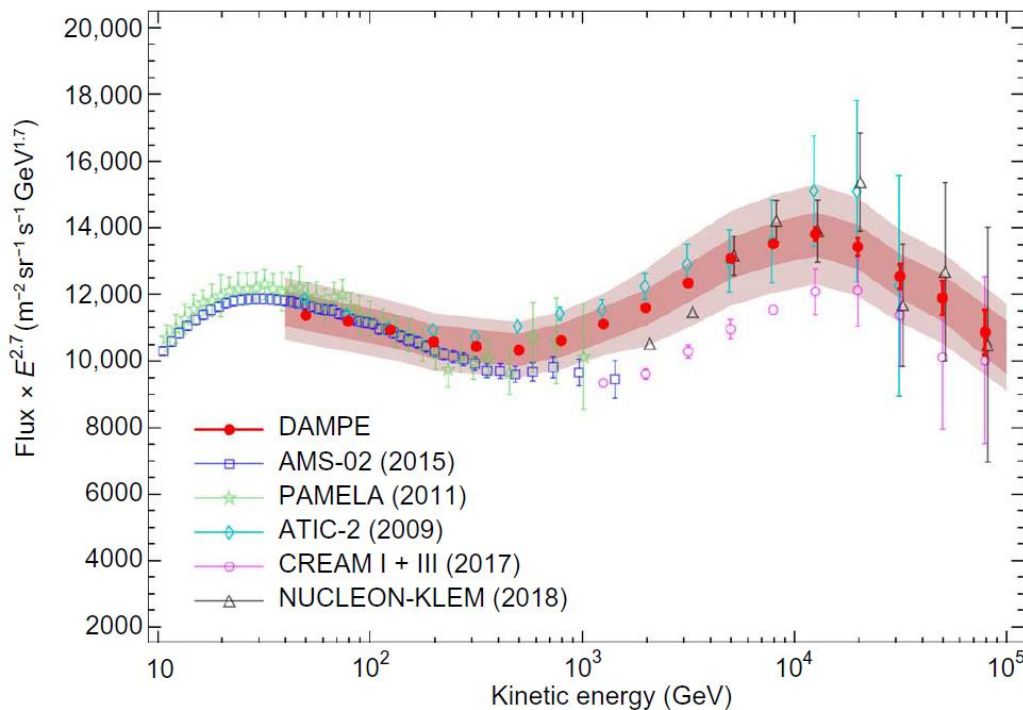


Proton contamination < 1.5% up to 2 TeV, < 3.5% up to 10 TeV.

More precise analysis on helium spectrum is in progress...

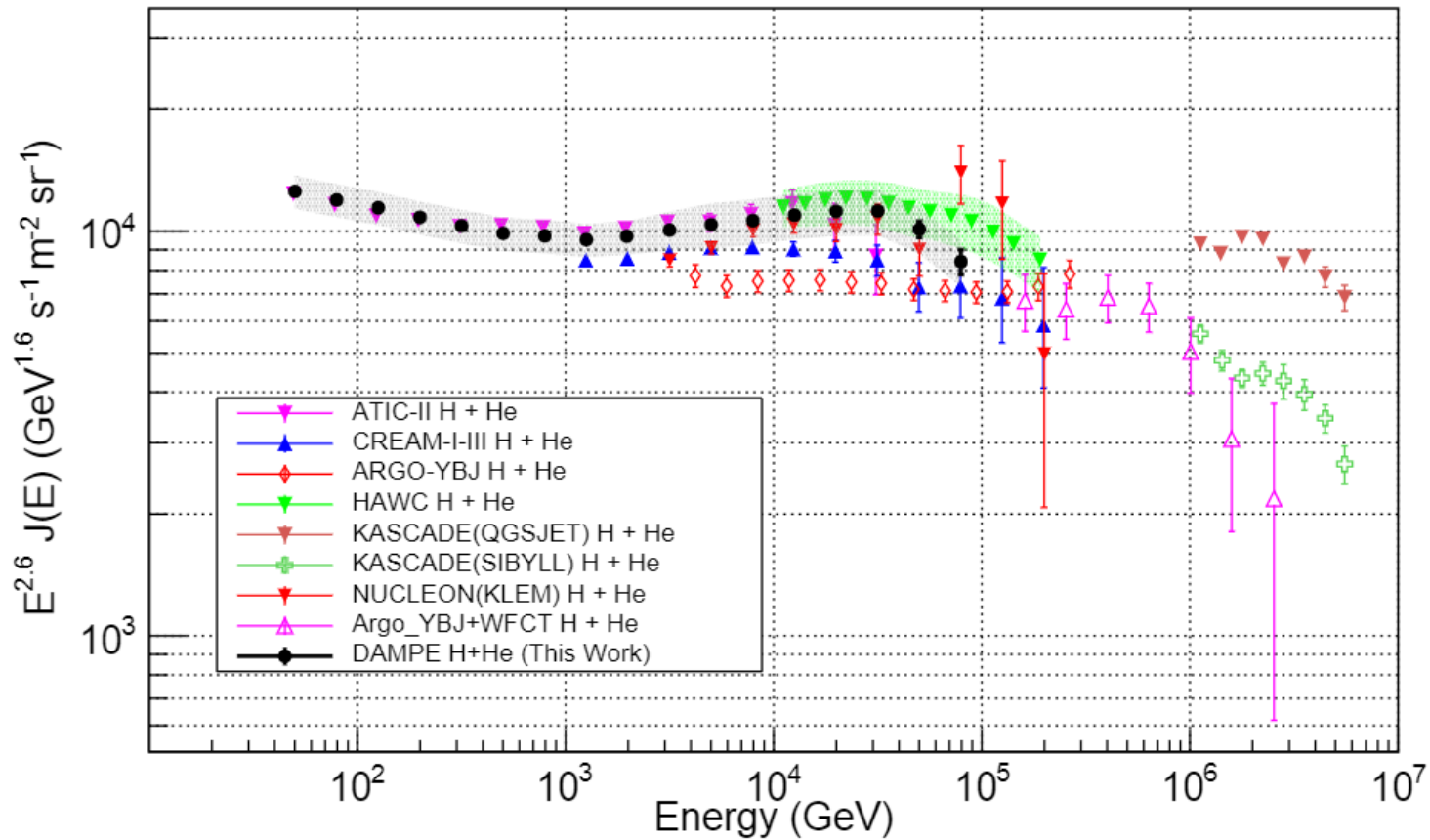
p + He spectrum

Why do we study the p + He spectrum?

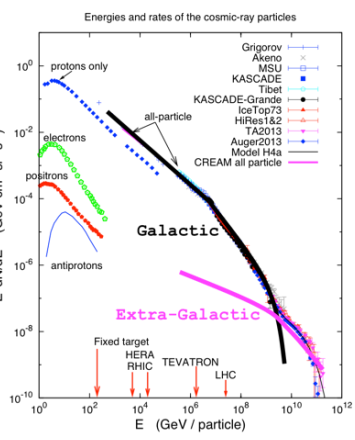


- A spectral softening at 10-15 TeV
- Crosscheck for p and He individual spectra
- Negligible background from other nuclei
- No effects of p \leftrightarrow He misidentification
- Compare the p + He spectrum with measurements from ground-based experiments at the highest energies

p + He spectrum



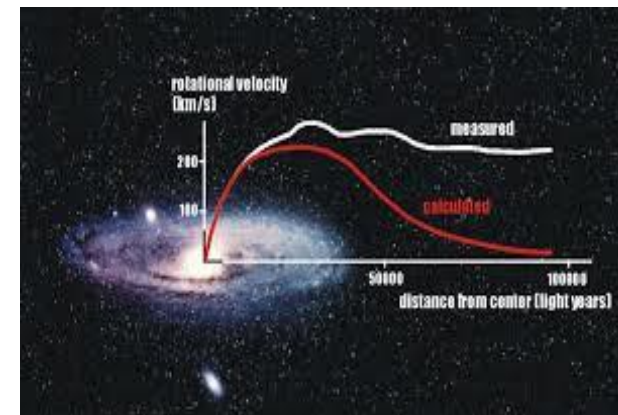
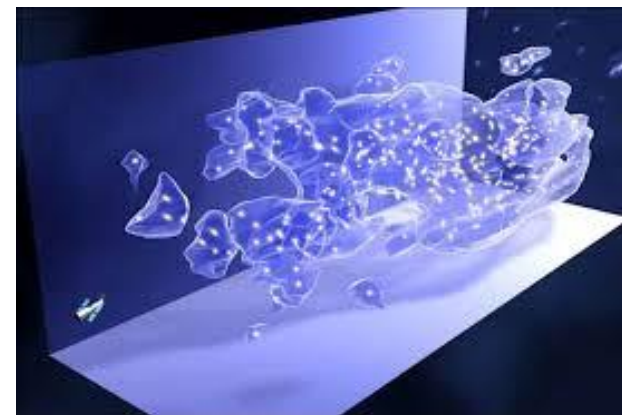
- Good agreement with previous measurements
- A softening at ~ 30 TeV



DAMPE is a promising scientific project, many interesting topics can be studied, including CR anisotropy, CR B/C flux ratio up to hundred TeV, other heavy nuclei spectrum...



Join DAMPE, Where you could learn a lot!!



Thanks for your attention!